REGISTERED No. L—1877.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 8,916.—New Series. BOMBAY:—THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1877.

227

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* will for the future be as follow :—

To Subscribers in Bombay—*Delivered free.*

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 48	Per Annum	Rs. 60
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Quarterly	13	Quarterly	16
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To Subscribers Up-country.

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Per Annum	Rs. 52	Per Annum	Rs. 65
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TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ten Lines and under—

First insertion	Rs. 5 0
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LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First insertion	8 As. per Line.
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In the Native Languages, double the above,

For Advertisements which are to be inserted for a considerables time special contracts may be made.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matters as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations, Wanted or Servants Required, Houses or Lodgings to Let, Changes of Residence, Articles Lost or Found.

The scale for Advertisements belonging to any of these classes as follows :—

Not exceeding three lines	Rs. 1-0
Each succeeding line	„ 0-8 As.

Advertisements exceeding five lines will be charged for at our present ordinary rates.

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than *One Rupee*, and payment must in all cases be made in *Cash*.

All Advertisements are charged according to the space occupied in Nonpareil, or smallest type, 12 lines of which go to the inch.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES : EACH—TWO RUPEES.

All Cheques, Money Orders, and other Remittances should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

SHIPPING.

WEEKLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE MALABAR COAST, CEYLON, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under contract with Government, will despatch the S. S. CHANDA, 2,40 Tons, 200 H. P., Commander C. C. D. Hutchison, on THURSDAY, the 6th september 1877, at 4 P.M., calling at Kalbadevie Bay, Vingoria, Goa, Carwar, Mangalore, Cananore, Tellicherry, Calicut, Beypore, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Galle, Negapatam, Madras, Callingapatam, Cocconada, Visagapatam, Bimilpatam, Gopalpore, False Point and at any other place where inducement offers.

Cargo for Singapore and China can be booked fortnightly by the steamers on this line hence or from Intermediate ports for transhipment at Galle by the Steamers of the Compagnie des Messageries Maritimes de la France which run regularly.

N.B.—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

WEEKLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE PERSIAN GULF, via KURRACHEE.

Interchanging Cargo-and Passengers at Bussorah, to and from Bagdad, with the Euphrates and Tigris Steam Navigation Company or other Steamers.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under Mail Contract with Government, will despatch the S.S. MAHRATTA, 742 Tons, 140 H.P., Commander J. James, on WEDNESDAY, the 12th September 1877, at 4 P. M., to the PERSIAN GULF, touching at KURRACHEE, GWADER, JASK, BUNDERABBAS, LINGA, BUSHIRE, FAO, BUSREH, and occasionally at BAHREIN and MAROMERAH.

N.B—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

BI-WEEKLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH KURRACHEE.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under Mail Contract with Government, will, during the S. W. Monsoon, despatch a Steamer to Kurrachee every WEDNESDAY at 4 P.M., and an Extra Steamer on every SATURDAY at 2 p.m.

The S. S. VINGORLA, 570 Tons, 120 H. P., Commander A. Gray, will be despatched on SATURDAY, the 8th September 1877, at 3 p.m.

The S. S. MAHRATTA, 742 Tons, 140 H. P., Commander J. James, on WEDNESDAY, the 12th September 1877, at 4 p.m.

N. B.—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH ITALY via SUEZ CANAL.

ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. RUBATTINO & Co., GENOA.

THE REGULAR STEAMERS LEAVE GENOA and BOMBAY on the 24th, and on the 1st of each month.

For extra steamers see list given below.

PASSENGERS' RATES,

(Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.)

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	
Aden	£22	£15	£4	Without Stock.
Suez	36	22	8	
Port Said	36	24	8	
Messina	50	34	14	Including Wines
Naples	50	34	14	
Leghorn	50	34	14	
Genoa	50	34	14	
Marseilles	52	35	14-10	

Children under 3 years—free of charge. Children not above 10 years—half fare.

NEXT STEAMERS FROM BOMBAY :—

PERSIA, to sail on MONDAY, 1st October, 1877.
ARABIA, to sail on THURSDAY, 1st November 1877.
AUSTRALIA, to sail on SATURDAY, 1st December 1877.

All Steamers of this Company have large First and Second Class accommodation ; and always carry a Doctor and a Stewardess on board.

The steamers of this Company, as a rule, start precisely at 10 A.M. Any unavoidable detention will, however, be advertised at least one day previously.

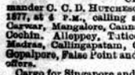
For hand-books of information, rates of freight, &c., apply to

O. GRONDONA,
Agent Rubattino Steam Navigation Company,
No. 2, Hummum Street.

Bombay, 7th May 1877.

ANCHOR LINE—INDIAN SERVICE.

BOMBAY TO NAPLES & LIVERPOOL, VIA SUEZ CANAL.



THE following or other First Class Steamers of the ANCHOR LINE will be despatched between Glasgow, Liverpool and Bombay and vice versa via Naples :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Commanders.	From Glasgow.	From Liverpool.	From Bombay.
Macedonia	3272	466	J. Laird	4th Aug.	11th Aug.	22d Sept.
Tuscania	2197	424	R. Hutchison,	18th „	25th „	6th Oct.
Europa	3277	424	J. Harris	8th Sept.	15th Sept.	27th „
Australia	2300	424	T. Butler	22nd „	29th „	10th Nov.
Italia	3245	424	J. Donaldson,	6th Oct.	16th Oct.	21st Nov.
Olympia	2050	424	A. Rait	20th „	27th „	8th Dec.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

TO NAPLES	Rs. 400
TO LIVERPOOL	Rs. 500

Passengers desirous of making a short stay in Italy, may disembark at Naples and proceed on to Liverpool by the following steamer, and passengers disembarking at Naples can have their heavy baggage taken on to Liverpool without any extra charge.

Messrs. HOLME & Co., the Company's Agents at Naples, will render any assistance, and tender any information required by the Passengers.

Passengers booked and cargo engaged in connection with the Trans-Atlantic Service from London and Glasgow to New York.

For passage, &c., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay, 21st Aug 1877. Agents.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL, DIRECT, AND TO LONDON, OVERLAND, VIA NAPLES OR GENOA.

THE S. S. CHILDWALL HALL, 2,100 Tons Register, 300 H.P. nominal, Captain TREGARTHEN, will sail on the 29th September, and will be followed by the

S. S. TRENTHAM HALL,
2,100 Tons Register, 300 H.P. nominal,
Captain SHAW, on the 13th Oct.,
and by the

S. S. BRANKSOME HALL,
1,90 Tons Register, 300 H.P. nominal,
Captain BRAND, on the 3rd Nov.,
and by the

S. S. CITY OF BALTIMORE,
2,300 Tons Register, 300 H.P. nominal,
Captain COLLIN, on the 28th Nov.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY, Rs. 500 TO LIVERPOOL.

Passengers are booked through to London, Naples, or Genoa, in connection with the Rubattino S. N. Company, at the following rates, including the Railway journey from Suez to Alexandria, Rubattino Steamer from Alexandria to Naples or Genoa, and Railway journey thence :—

FARES.

Bombay to London, via Genoa	Rs. 575
Do. „ Naples	„ 600
Do. Naples	„ 470
Do. Genoa	„ 490

A Rubattino Steamer leaves Alexandria every Friday

For passage or further particulars apply to

KING, KING & Co.,
or to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.

N. B.—Messrs HENRY S. KING and Co. and Messrs. KING BALLIE and Co. are the Passenger Agents for this Line in London and Liverpool respectively. Arrangements for Remittances, Rowrigue, Circular Notes, Shipment of Baggage &c. will be attended by Messrs. KING, KING and Co. here.

Bombay, June 9, 1877.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

THE following or other first-class Vessels will be despatched for EUROPE :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	
(a) MONGOLIA	3833	530	A. Coleman	7th Sept.
VENETIA	2726	450	W. B. Andrews	14th do.
(a) INDUS	3470	540	S. D. Shalland	21st do.
TRAVANCORE	1909	350	W. Barratt	1st Oct.
(a) KHEDIVE	3742	600	J. D. Steward	8th do.
CHINA	2016	400	T. Alderton	15th do.
(a) BOKHARA	2932	450	W. A. Anderson	22nd do.

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, BRINDISI, ANCONA, VENICE, MARSEILLES, MALTA, GIBRALTAR and SOUTHAMPTON by every Mail. The Steamers marked (a) proceed direct to Southampton ; but by the others Passengers change vessels at Suez, and those for Brindisi, Ancona, Venice, and Marseilles are conveyed by Rail from Suez to Alexandria.

A small Steamer leaves the New Dock Head at Mazagon, at 3 P.M. precisely on the day of sailing.

F. D. PARKER, Acting Superintendent.

Bombay 1st September 1877.

STEAM TO CEYLON, PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

THE following Steamers will be despatched for the above ports, taking also Passengers and Cargo for Madras and Calcutta :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	
NIZAM	2725	450	A. R. Barlow	17th Sep. at 3 p. m.
ZAMBESI	2431	370	A. Symons	2nd Oct. do.
GWALIOR	2725	450	J. E. Baboo	16th Oct. do.

F. D. PARKER,
Bombay, 1st September 1877. Acting Superintendent.

STEAM TO KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, AND SYDNEY.

THE following Steamers will be despatched for the above ports (calling at Galle) :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	
ASSAM	3033	500	N. Stewart	15th Sept. at 3 p.m.
TANJORE	2263	450	W. W. Fentiman	13th Oct. at 3 p.m.

F. D. PARKER, Acting Superintendent.

Bombay, 1st September 1877.

TEA EMPORIUM,
CHURCH GATE STREET.

MESSRS. MORTON & Co. beg to remind Ladies and Gentlemen proceeding to England to take with them a few choice packets of their highly appreciated and select KANGRA VALLEY TEAS for presentation to their friends at Home, who will surely prize them most.

TEA DEPOT—OPPOSITE THE "TIMES OF INDIA"

SALES BY AUCTION.

MENESSE AND COMPANY.

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, the 6th instant, Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will hold their usual weekly auction sale at their rooms of a quantity of grey and coloured piece goods, twist, &c. &c.

10 cases wh te shirtings.
1 case black woollen cloth.
2 bales grey shirtings.
5 cases brass hinges, coat hooks, door hooks, flush bolts screws and copper tacks.
6 cases fancy prints.

On account and at the risk of Momon Esra Hajee Sulliman—
10 bales grey shirtings, 8¼ lbs.

On account and at the risk of Mahomed Ali Esoofbhoy.
H C C—327/7 1 case ruby beads.

On account and at the risk of Abdoolhoosein Mahomedally.
J M F } —187/246 5 cases eau de cologne.

An account and at the risk of Abdoolcader Abdoolhoosein.
C & C } —299/3 3 4 cases u tramarine color

On account and at the risk of Abdoollaly Mayasahib Sarufally.
G N S } 100/19 9 cases Foolscap papers.
T T }

On account and at the risk of Tyebally Mahomedally.
G N S } 120/43 2 cases Foolscap papers.
T T }

C } 1/18 6 bales printing papers.
O }
H C C—4016/19 2 cases Sealing Wax.

On account and at the risk of Sounderdass Dawjee.
H O } 999/1001 2 Bales Grey bordered Dhooties.
G } 1011/14 4 Do Do Do.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 6th September 1877.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MILITARY THEATRICALS,
MORLEY HALL, COLABA.

FOR THE BENEFIT OF
A WIDOW AND SIX CHILDREN,
Who have been left totally unprovided for.

The performance will commence with the laughable Farce in 1 Act,

QUITE AT HOME.

To be followed by a Comic Interlude,

A MOST UNWARRANTED INTRUSION.

To conclude with the screaming Two-act Farce,

HIS LAST LEGS.

STAFF NIGHT—FRIDAY, 7TH SEPTEMBER,
RUPEES TWO.

Reserved Seats from Treacher and Co., Fort.
Unreserved seats at Theatre on night of performance.

The above pieces will also be played on
MONDAY 3rd, and THURSDAY, 6th September.

Front Seats, Rupee One ; Second Seats, Annas Eight ; Back Seats, Annas Four.

Performance 9 o'clock sharp.

By permission of COLONEL BOND and the OFFICERS of the COLABA GARRISON, MR. W. SMITH, the well known Caterer of the Star and Garter Hotel, will provide Refreshments at Morley Hall on FRIDAY night, the 7th instant.

ENO'S
EFFERVESCING FRUIT SALT
HAS ARRIVED.
Per bottle Cash, Re. 1-12.

AGENTS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY,
TREACHER & Co., LIMITED,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

DOUBLE WALL ICE JUGS,
PRESERVE ICE OR ICED DRINKS.
CHAMPAGNE OR CLARET CUP,

At a low temperature for a much longer period than other vessels. The constant use of them is attended with
GREAT CONVENIENCE AND ECONOMY.

Richly plated with silver, in a variety of handsomely chased patterns, from Rs. 25 to Rs. 60.

TREACHER & Co. (Limited.)

TRIPLE FOLDING MIRRORS,
WITH CHAINS FOR SUSPENDING.

		Rs.
WOOD FRAMES, illuminated panels	Mirrors 10 inches square.	27
	„ 11½ „	31
	„ 12½ „	35
POLISHED BAMBOO FRAMES, Chinese figured panels	Mirrors 10 inches square.	28
	„ 11½ „	34
	„ 12½ „	39
GILT BAMBOO FRAMES, Chinese figured panels	Mirrors 10 inches square.	36
	„ 11½ „	40
	„ 12½ „	44
GILT BAMBOO FRAMES, Silk panels	Mirrors 10 inches square.	39
	„ 11½ „	43
	„ 12½ „	47

WITH FOLDING STANDS.

BAMBOO FRAMES, Chinese figured panels ..... Mirrors 17 by 13½ in. Rs. 74 & Rs. 80

TEN PER CENT. DISCOUNT FOR CASH.

TREACHER AND COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

GENUINE
GAYETTY'S MEDICATED PAPE

both as a personal requisite and a preventive of a very distressing hœmorrhoidal malady is incomparably the best article produced for the purpose.

Packets containing 500 Sheets each, Cash, Re. 1-8; Credit, Re. 1-12.

Of the Agents,
TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLERS' GUIDE FOR AUGUST.

In presenting the August number of the Indian Railway and Travellers' Guide to the public, the Publisher would call attention to the careful revision which it has undergone. A considerable amount of information has been added, and the whole work has been brought down to date. Special attention is requested to the Tables of Through Rates and Distances from Bombay and to the Through Trains Tables. The whole of the matter contained in this month's issue has been completely reset in newer and better type, and the revision of the matter has been effected by a gentleman who has had special opportunities of acquiring information, and has himself travelled over the greater part of India.

Bombay Gazette Office, August 1877.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ANGLO-SWISS MILK
HAS ARRIVED.
Per Tin Cash, Annas 8.

TREACHER & COMPANY (Ld.)

NOTICE is hereby given, that TENDERS for the SUPPLY of TENTS required for the Bombay Army during the next 2 years, from 2nd December 1877 to 1st December 1879, will be received on the 1st November 1877 by the Commissary of Ordnance, Bombay.

The number of Tents likely to be required, conditions of contract, and all other particulars may be learnt on application from that Officer who will supply Forms of Tender and shew the musters of Tents required.

W. S. HATCH, Colonel,
Acting Inspector General of Ordnance and Magazines.

Ordnance Office, Poona, 31st August 1877.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Undersigned on the dates mentioned below for the following contracts :—

Tonnage by Country Craft from Bombay to Aden, Kurrachee and any port in the Persian Gulf	17th September 1877
Firewood and Charcoal, Onions and Vegetables	
Rice, Ghee, Dhall and Salt	13th September 1877.
Grass, dry, at Bombay and Deolalee	

Further particulars can be learnt at this Office.

W. KEAYS, Captain,
Executive Commissariat Officer, Presidency.

Bombay, Executive Commissariat Office, 5th September 1877.

NOTICE.

ORIENTAL SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an INTERIM DIVIDEND of Rs. 15 per share out of the profits realized by the Company during the half year ending 30th June 1877, will be PAYABLE to the SHAREHOLDERS at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 31, Meadow Street, Fort, on and after THURSDAY, the 13th September, 1877, between the hours of 11 A.M. and 3 P.M.

Shareholders are requested to PRODUCE their SHARE CERTIFICATES when applying for their Dividends.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will CLOSED from the 7th to 13th September instant, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
JEHANGIR EDALJI DAVAR,
Secretary.

Bombay, 5th September 1877.

THE BOMBAY HEMP AND JUTE MILL COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the THIRD ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 1, Ash Lane, Fort, on THURSDAY, the 13th instant, at 3 p.m., to transact the following business :—

1. To receive the Directors' Report and the Audited Balance Sheet for the year ending 30th June 1877.
2. To declare a Dividend.
3. To confirm the appointment of Messrs. Sapoorjee Jeewajee and Dady Nusserwanjee Dady as Directors of the Company.
4. To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election.
5. To appoint Auditors for the ensuing year, and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 4th to the 13th instant, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
SORABJEE RUSTAMJEE BUNSHAH,
Secretary.

1, Ash Lane, Fort, Bombay, 3rd September 1877.

NOTICE.

IT is hereby notified, with reference to the Advertisement of the 31st July 1876, that the Government of India are PREPARED to PURCHASE about 600 Horses suitable for Army purposes during the year 1877-78, and about the same number in the year 1878-79.

Calcutta.	Bareilly.	The purchases will be made by Remount Agents at the stations named in the margin.
Allahabad.	Umballa.	
Cawnpore.	Lahore.	
Lucknow.	Mooltan.	In future the purchases will, except under special circumstances, be made only between the 16th September and 28th February. With regard to the purchases of the season of 1877-78, however, no alteration will be made in the date of closing, viz., 1st April.
Agra.	Sialkote.	
Morar.	Rawul Pindi.	
Meerut.	Peshawur.	

Horse and Mares of all breeds will be received, but they must be within the prescribed age,—4 to 7 years.

The average price for a remount has been fixed at Rs. 350. Every horse presented for purchase will be valued separately, and higher or lower prices may be given, provided that the average of the purchases does not exceed that limit.

H. R. BURNE, Colonel,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Simla ; The 31st August 1877.

NOTICE.

LIST of ESTATES of which LETTERS of ADMINISTRATION have been GRANTED to the Administrator General and of Estates which have come under his charge.

Abernethie, A. D., late Fireman in the Locomotive Department.
Bellelli Paul, late Carpenter.
Chesson, John, late resident at Panchgani, in the District of Sattara.
Dixey Lewis, Mr. and Mrs., late Public Works Inspector G. I. P. Railway.
Gamble, Henry, late Official Assignee, Bombay.
Gridon, James, late an Engine Driver, I. V. S. Railway.
Mathoora Gomtoo Naiqueen Shirodkureen.
Lyon, Andrew, late of the Bombay Civil Service.
Oliver, Salvadora, late Band master 3rd Regiment, N. L. I.
Oliphant, Richard B., late Assistant Conservator of Forests.
Palmer, Henry, late Public Works Inspector G. I. P. Railway.
Paterson, A., of the Railway Department.
Purcell, Henry Francis, late Barrister-at-Law.
Rendell, Winifred, late British Inhabitant, Poona.
Waight, George, late Foreman, Engineers' Department, Poona.
Walkington, John, late Permanent Way Inspector G. I. P. Railway.

N. B.—All persons having claims upon, being indebted to, or holding property belonging to any of the abovenamed estates, are hereby required to state their claims, pay their debts, and hand over such property to the Undersigned forthwith.

S. NEWCOME FOX,
Officiating Administrator General.

Bombay, Administrator General's Office, 5th September 1877.

COPPER-PLATE PRINTING, ENGRAVING, &c.

VISITING CARDS, Invitation Cards, Wedding Cards and Envelopes, Cheques, Bills of Lading, Office and Bank Seals, Seals for Stamping Envelopes, &c., engraved to order at moderate prices.

Specimens may be seen at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows :—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1 ; each succeeding line 8 As. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

FRESH ARRIVAL of A. DAVIS' SADDLERY, of the best description, per S. S. PALM. Also patent WHEEL SKATES of sizes. Apply to A. S. REUBEN.

ADDRESS WANTED—Mr. WILLIAM INGRAM, permanent Way Inspector, is requested to send his ADDRESS to Mr. BRISTOW, Gungawaram, The Nizam's State Railway.

TWO SEAFARING MEN (having CERTIFICATES of COMPETENCY) are desirous of finding employment in or near Bombay. Address "C. D.," *Bombay Gazette*.

TO BE LET, on MALABAR HILL, a large and excellently furnished Bungalow, close to the sea. Tenant can arrange to have use of good carriage and pair. Address "S.," *Bombay Gazette*.

A CUP OF TEA or OF COFFEE in FIVE MINUTES. Ham Sandwiches, Cakes, Tarts, Biscuits, Bread and Cheese at any time, at PEARSE'S, Apollo Street.

WANTED.

IRRIGATIONAL ENGINEER.

REQUIRED IMMEDIATELY to SURVEY the PROVINCE of KATTYWAR to ascertain its capabilities for irrigational and storage works, an ENGINEER experienced in irrigation works. Employment for six months with possible extension. Salary Rs. 600 per mensem with travelling allowance Rs. 150 per mensem. Applications to be made with testimonials to the CHIEF ENGINEER FOR IRRIGATION, Poona, before September 15th.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

FOR SALE, at the Godowns of the Undersigned, the following SUPERIOR SHERRIES :—

MONTILLA	Rs. 25 per dozen.
SOLERA	„ 23 „

FINLAY, SCOTT & Co.

FOR SALE, at the GODOWN of the Undersigned :—

AUSTRIAN CLARET in cases of 1 doz. qts. at	Rs. 9-8 per doz.
ITALIAN VERMOUTH „ „ 1 „ „ „	„ 18-8 „

M. MONDOLFO & Co.

28, Bombay Green, opposite the Custom House, 1st Sept. 1877.

FOR SALE,

GAUTIER FRERE'S CHOICE BRANDIES.

00.....Rs. 24 per doz. 000/00 .....Rs. 30 per doz.

Liberal discount to large Purchasers.

COWASJEE BROTHERS,
Solo Agents Bombay, Scinde, and Punjaub.

Elphinstone Circle.

RETAIL AGENT—Mr. JAMES PEARSE, 22, Apollo Street.

MESSRS. ALDRIDGE, SALMON AND COMPANY

HAVE received fresh Consignments of the undermentioned first class WINES, &c.

From PAGE AND SANDEMAN,		
Amontillado Sherry	Rs. 25	per doz.
Cuséner's Fine Brandy	„ 24	„
From A. COLLIN Châlons)		
Carte Blanche Champagne	„ 30	„
From G. Preder and Co. (Bordeaux)		
St. Julien Claret quarts	„ 9	„
Lormont Claret „	„ 12	„
Chateau Belair „	„ 16	„
Haut Barsac „	„ 15	„
Chablis „	„ 16	„

Pints of all these Wines can be had at Rs. 2 per case of two dozen ext

PURE AND SPARKLING
AERATED WATERS.

TREACHER & Co., LIMITED, direct attention to their list of AERATED WATERS which are prepared with the greatest regard to cleanliness and purity. By the aid of Steam power these Waters are charged with Gas at the greatest possible pressure, being thus rendered sparkling and agreeable in the highest degree.

Their LEMONADE and other FLAVOURED WATERS are celebrated for their freshness and their delicious taste.

Their TONIC WATER, the demand for which is constantly increasing, is unequalled for its delicacy of flavour and tonic properties, each bottle containing a definite quantity of Quinine presented in an agreeable form

	Cash			Cash	
SODA WATER	per doz.	0 12	AERATED WATER	per doz.	0 12
TONIC WATER (THE ORIGINAL)	„	1 0	POTASH WATER	„	0 12
SELTZER WATER, introduced by T. & Co.	„	1 0	LITHIA WATER	„	1 8
LEMONADE AND GINGERADE	„	1 0	VICHY WATER	„	1 4

Bottles are charged Rs. 2 per dozen, the same amount being allowed for them when delivered free at our Manufactory.

Mineral, Acid, and Medicated Waters prepared to order.

TREACHER & CO., LIMITED,
Manufacturing Chemists,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, & POONA.

NEW STOCK.

FELT HATS! FELT HATS!

ASQUITH & CO. have just landed a LARGE SHIPMENT of the last NEW Shapes, which have been specially made for Indian wear VERY LIGHT and DURABLE.

New Round Crown, Black Stiff Felt	8	8	New Round Crown, Black Soft Felt	8	8
New Flat Crown, Black Stiff Felt	8	8	New Round Crown, Drab and Beaver, Brown Soft Felt	8	8
Tall Drab Hats, very Light	10	0	Dress Hats, extra Light	13	0

LINCOLN BENNETT'S SUPERIOR MANUFACTURE.

Tall Drab Hats	12	0	Best Dress Hats	14	0
Scotch Caps	5	0	Straw Boating Hats	3	8
Tweed Hats	5	0	Travelling Caps, Ear Flaps	4	8
Turbans	3	8	Soft Beaver Hats	6	8

Our Catalogue with Illustrations of the above posted on application. The number of inches round forehead will ensure a correct fit.

ASQUITH AND COMPANY,
THE OVERLAND KIT WAREHOUSE,
8, RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

CUTLER, PALMER AND CO.
ARE
AGENTS IN INDIA
FOR
MESSRS. LEAL BROS. & CO.'S MADEIRA.

THE CELEBRATED APOLLINARIS WATER.

(For Analysis, Testimonials and Prices see the Company's Advertisements).

BASS'S CHAMPAGNE ALE.

Bull Dog" Trade-mark—Bass's Label.

This splendid Ale is the choicest production of Messrs. Bass's famous brewery and the Bottlers (Read Brothers of London) have spared no expense to supply Indian consumers with English malt liquor of the finest possible quality. It contains the valuable Tonic Bitter principles derived from Kent and Surrey hops of only the best growth and greatest delicacy of flavor and its lightness and sparkling brilliancy commend themselves.

Messrs. Read Brothers possess magnificent stores fitted with the best modern appliances and their long experience has been specially devoted to bottling Messrs. Bass's Ales for exportation. The Beer is in Champagne bottles which exhibit its great brilliancy and being thoroughly matured before bottling it bears up-country transit remarkably well.

	NET CASH.		CREDIT.	
	Rs.	A.	Rs.	A.
In Casks of 3 doz. Qts.....per doz.	5	8	5	12
In Casks of 6 doz. Pts.....per doz.	3	12	4	0

Duties included.

GUINNESS'S OWN STOUT.

In Casks of 3 doz. Qts.....per doz.	5	12	6	0	*Duties included.*
In Casks of 6 doz. Pts.....per doz.	3	12	4	0	

MESSRS. BISQUIT, DUBOUCHE & CO.'S
COGNAC.

CASH. Per Case. Rs.	A.		CREDIT. Per Case. Rs.	A.
24	4	* ONE STAR, in great demand	25	0
25	4	* ONE STAR, Glass-stoppered Barrel Bottles	26	0
27	2	* ONE STAR, Decanters	28	0
31	12	* ONE STAR, Crystal Barrel 2 Gall = 1 dozen, with Bronze stand and plated tap complete	33	0
25	12	* ONE STAR, Flasks, per case of 2 dozens	26	8
27	8	* ONE STAR, Half-Flasks, per case of 4 dozens	28	8
		Metallic Tumblers for flasks	3	0
		Do. do. for ½ flask	2	0
27	8	** TWO STARS	28	8
30	8	*** THREE STARS, superior	31	8
40	12	**** FOUR STARS, extra superior, recommended	42	8

An order for 3 cases accompanied by Cash will carry a further Discount of 5 per cent. off Bond Prices, *i.e.*, after deducting Duty and Town Dues at Rs. 8-8 per case.

WACHTER & CO.'S CHAMPAGNE.
"EXTRA DRY."

NOTICE.

Previous shipments of our brands to Calcutta, Bombay, etc., have been prepared in accordance with the taste that prevails at the English Court, where extremely dry Champagne is not desired, but we recognise the necessity of sending for the future to the Indies and other warm Climates a REALLY DRY WINE, whilst we carefully adhere to the same elegant style that has met with such universal favour.

Our labels remain unchanged with the sole addition of the words "Extra Dry."

February 1877.

WACHTER & Cie.
EPERNAY.

CASH. Per 1 doz. Qts. Rs.	A.	Per 2 doz. Pints. Rs.	A.		CREDIT. Per 1 doz. Qts. Rs.	A.	Per 2 doz. Pints. Rs.	A.
48	0	50	12	Wachter & Co.'s Champagne as supplied to the Royal House	50	0	53	0

ORDERS UNACCOMPANIED BY CASH WILL BE TREATED AT CREDIT RATES

N.B.—Forwarding Charges are added to the above rates. We guarantee each package to contain its FULL complement of bottles when despatched.

☞ *MOFUSSIL CONSTITUENTS ARE REQUESTED, BEFORE TAKING DELIVERY OF THEIR GOODS TO SEE THAT THE WEIGHT AGREES WITH THE RAILWAY RECEIPT.*

RETAIL AGENTS FOR SINGLE BOTTLES.
Mr. JAMES PEARSE, 22, Apollo Street, Fort.
Mr. EDULJEE PALLONJEE, Borah Bazaar Street.
Mr. JAMSETJEE NOWROJEE, Poydoni.
AND
Mr. DHUNJEEBHOY COWASJEE OOMRIGUR, near Crawford Market.

Bombay, May 1877.

NOTICES.

FOR SALE.—MANILLA ROPE and other CORDAGE. Apply to
OWEN & OKELL,
Agents to W. H. Harton & Co., of Calcutta.

FOR SALE, CENTRIFUGAL PUMP 4 Inch, Tripod Pumps 4 and 6 Inch, Lift, and Lift and Force Pumps, 2½ and 4 Inch, Taps and Dies, Blocks, Jacks, Duplex Punches, Augurs, Paints, and other stores. Apply to
GEO. GAHAGAN,
Elphinstone Circle.

TEA PLANTATIONS.

PRICES and PARTICULARS of TEA MACHINERY, with the requisite Steam or Water Power Machinery for working the same, supplied on application.

IRRIGATION.

The COAL SAVING COMPOUND STEAM PUMP, with or without Boiler, is particularly adapted for use in INDIA owing to the small amount of Fuel required to work it. Address FIELD, FIELD and COTTON, Consulting Engineers, Chandos Chambers, Adelphi, London, W. C.

JAFFER SULLIMAN'S BAZAAR.

SHOW ROOMS AT GIRGAUM
AND
HUMMUM STREET, FORT.

ALWAYS on hand, Furniture of every description. Glass and Crockery Ware, Cutlery, Harness, Saddlery, Carriages of every description, Horses, Guns, Pistols, &c., &c.

Also, all information given regarding buying and selling. Apply to
JAFFER SULLIMAN & Co.

STIRLING, BALD & Co., 2, Dean Lane, BOMBAY, *Civil Service and Army Agents.*

Current and Deposit Accounts Kept. Pay, Pensions, Dividends, and Moneys collected and invested. No commission is charged for keeping Current Accounts.

Passages Engaged, Baggage collected and shipped.

Books, Magazines, Newspapers, and Miscellaneous Supplies of all descriptions supplied at lowest rates. Special terms to Book Clubs and Messes.

Parcels received and forwarded.

Corresponding House :
HORSLEY PALMER, STIRLING & Co.,
LONDON.

ALWAYS ON HAND,
AT
P. GRANT

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

WEDNESDAY EVENING, 5TH SEPTEMBER 1877.

THE reports from up-country continue to show signs of improvement and a slightly more hopeful tone is beginning to pervade business circles as to the future, but for the present the greatest dulness is still observable, and it is very evident that nothing like active trade either in imports or exports can be expected much on this side of the turn of the year.

From Home telegraphic advices evince no particular movement so far as they concern Bombay, although there is less depression than was observable a short time back. Consols have advanced from 95¼ to 95⅝, and French Rentes from 105½ to 105⅝. Wheat is unchanged in value, but steady. Seeds are quiet, Calcutta Linseed being quoted 3d. lower to arrive and 6d. ex-warehouse, Calcutta Rapeseed and Bombay Linseed 6d. per quarter lower ex-warehouse.

PIECE Goods in Manchester are reported steady at previous prices, and Cotton in Liverpool is given as firm but unchanged. The sales yesterday were estimated at 12,000 bales, of which 800 bales were Surats. The imports were large—27,000 bales—the larger proportion of which must have consisted of Cotton via Cape. This may tend to retard any upward movement in prices, as a considerable quantity of the April-May sailing, via Cape, from here will doubtless come on the market for re-sale, but every day increases the statistical strength of the staple, and if there was only a prospect of any settlement of the war a rapid rise might safely be expected. The American crop certainly promises well, but we can scarcely fail to have another short yield on this side which, with supplies as they now stand, would go a long way to counterbalance it.

From New York yesterday's telegrams quote ready Mid. Uplands unaltered at 11 cents, but December shipment has advanced from 10 9-16 to 10 11-16 cents. per lb. The receipts of Cotton at the U. S. ports to date are as follows :—

	1877.	1876.	1875.
Tuesday's Receipts	600	3,000	3,700
Four days' do	2,200	9,300	8,400

The London General Produce Markets yesterday were unaltered.

Bar Silver remains at 54½d. per oz., equivalent to about 1s. 8 13/16d. per rupee.

At the weekly meeting of the Directors of the Bank of Bombay this afternoon, an advance of one per cent. was made in its official rates of discount and interest. Notwithstanding the favourable character of last return, the movement was quite expected as the Bank of Bengal in Calcutta stands at 2 per cent. above our level and Government requirements are known to be so uncertain that the Bank must of necessity maintain a strong position.

In STERLING EXCHANGE to-day we have had the usual Wednesday's quietness, buyers and sellers being alike indisposed to do business pending the receipt of the result of to-day's biddings for Council drafts. Rates have not altered appreciably, and for the rest of the mail they will be guided by the figures obtained for Councils. The general anticipation seems to be that the average will be about 1s. 8½d., in which case we should probably see a slightly easier tendency, but at the present moment it is extremely difficult to arrive at anything like a reliable estimate of the market for even one day ahead as the guiding influences at the moment are less dependent than usual on ordinary trade. Had we that alone to look to, there can, we think, be little doubt that rates would be much lower than they are. As however small imports may be, exports are still more limited, but the Money Market is rendered so uncertain by Government famine requirements, it is impossible to say what a day may bring forth. Closing quotations on London are :—

Bank Bills, on demand.....	1s. 8 15-16d.	per Rupee.
Do. 6 months' sight.	1s. 9d.	"
Credits, 4 "	" ... 1s. 9 3-16d.	"
Documents, 3 "	" ... 1s. 9 3-16d. to 1d.	"

On Calcutta the rate for demand drafts is weaker, ⅛ to 3-16 per cent. premium being the quotations ; 60 days' sight is unaltered.

GOVERNMENT PAPER increases in dulness daily. There are no large buyers in the market, and the hardening tendency of money adds to the wish to sell. Transactions in Fours to a fair amount are said to have taken place this morning at Rs. 94, but since then quotations from Calcutta have been received of Rs. 93¾, and there are now said to be sellers here at that figure. Fours-and-a-half may be quoted nominally at Rs. 94½ ; Fives-and-a-half at Rs. 101.

The SHARE MARKET is steady for Spinning and Weaving Companies, which in most cases have undergone a further advance of Rs. 5 to Rs. 10 per share, and in some cases even more ; but in other things there is no activity and no change to notice.

COTTON is perhaps a trifle more firmly held owing to the steadier accounts from Home, but prices have not undergone any actual change and transactions are still restricted to purchases for the local mill, chiefly of half-pressed Veerumgaum and Wudwan at Rs. 191 to Rs. 193 per candy.

In WHEAT and SEEDS for export there is almost no market at the moment owing to the paucity of supplies, and values may be given as unchanged, although unquestionably easier in tendency.

FREIGHTS are quite nominal, the P. and O. being the only steamers booking for Liverpool at £1-12 6 per ton. For sailing vessels, the only employment offering is coasting, and a wooden ship is reported to have been chartered hence to Calcutta and back at Rs. 12½ per ton and port charges paid.

PIECE GOODS are absolutely stagnant. Dealers express rather more hopefulness as to the future, but it is difficult in the present state of extreme depression, to regard an improvement as at all probable. Stocks here are heavy, while the demand, even under the most favourable circumstances, must be very slack for months to come, and it is moreover currently reported that shipments from Home latterly have been unexpectedly large both for this port and Calcutta.

OILS are very depressed. There are sellers of DAVISON'S West Hartley to arrive by steamer at Rs. 16, and of LAIRD'S Welsh Hartley by the same route there are said to be speculative re-sales offering at Rs. 14 per ton alongside.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Banks.	No. of Shares.	Nomi Value p. sh.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash. Rates per Share.
		Rs.	Rs.	p. a.	
Agra Bank	100,000	100	all	6 p. ct	121
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	6 do.	715
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	12 p. ct.	695‡
National Bank of India.	10,000	500	all	3 do.	106
Bank of Madras.....	60,000	250	all	10 do.	660

LAND COMPANIES.

Colaba Land Co. (New).	8,948	2,000	all	25	900
Prov. Land and Fin' Co. Limited.....	1,700	250	all	..	95
Mazagon Land		2,000	1,000	20 p. a.	45
Fort Canning Land Company, Limited.....	6,000	1,400	all	0 do.	235

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton Press Co..	150	5,000	2,8500	150 p.a.	1,200
Albert Co., Kurrachee..	200	2,000	1,100	150 do	910
Albert Ginning Co.....	100	500	all	18 p.c.	650
Apollo Press Co.....	750	2,750	2,300	32 p.a.	400
Bellary	175	1,000	all	60 do	650
Benar Company (New)	155	500	all	40 p.a.	445
Indian Press Co.....	1,000	250	all	42 do	200
Broach Cotton Co.....	400	250	all	10 do	75 xd
Carwar Co.....	1,000	1,500	all	75 do	675
Colaba Press Co.....	500	1,880	all	170 do	550
Dholleri P. and G. Co...	800	500	all	40 do	250
Do. and India Press Co....	382	1,000	all	100 do	9 0
Fort Press Co.....	50	8,500	8,250	50 do	1, 00‡
French Press Co.....	200	400	all	40 do	500 xd
Imperial Press Co.....	1,150	..	1,400	100 do	300
Mofussil Press and Ginning Co.....	3,125	400	350	25 do	365
Prince of W. Press.....	120	..	1,500	250 do	455
Sassoon's Press Co.....	600	800	all	50 do	380
Scinde Press Co.....	400	850	750	6 do	400 xd
Scinde & Punjaub Cotton Press Co., Ltd....	100	1,000	925	165 do	1 100
Victoria Cotton Gin and Press Co.....	150	850	all	12 p.c.	600 nl.
Volkart's United Press Co.	450	1,000	1,000	75 p.a.	660

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Albert Do	400	2,000	1,700	..	1025
Alexandra S. and W. Co.	750	1,250	all	50 p.a*	1,2.5
Alfred Mills Co.....	250	1,000	1,000	80 p.a.	1,340
Alliance Spinning.....	500	2,000	all	125 p.a.	2,45
Anglo-Indian S. and W. Company	30,000	100	100	..	96
Bhownuggur M. and F. Company	300	2,000	..	40 p.a.	1,500
Bombay United.....	900	1,000	all	60 p.a*	1,125
Bombay Hemp and Jute Mill Company.....	2,000	300	all	..	285
Bunder Mills	1,500	120	all	10 p.a*	135
Colaba S. and W. Co. ..	900	1,000	all	40 p.	870
Coorla S. and W. Co. ..	1,000	1,000	all	60 p.a*	1,005 xd.
Central India S. and W. Company	2,500	500	all	50 ..	685
Dharumsey Spinning ..	3,000	2,000	all	50 p.a*	1,100
Fleming S. and W. Co...	1,500	1,250	all	50 p.a*	1,205
Great Eastern	2,000	1,000	all	80 p.a.	1,270
Hindustan S. & W. Co...	875	1,000	all	40 p.a.	1,080
Hydrabad S. and W. Co.	760	1,000	1,000	..	950
Jeevraj Balloo Mills	700	1,000	all	55 p.a*	1,030
Khandelah Spinning ..	750	1,000	all	60 p.a*	1,215
K. Manockjee S. & W. Co.	1,000	1,000	all	30 p.a*	940
Madhowjee Spinning ..	1,000	1,000	Nil	..	950
Madras U. Spinning	425	1,000	all	80 p.a*	1,210
Manchester & Bombay S. and W. Co.	30,000	50	50	..	45
Mandvis S. and W. Co...	1,200	500	all	..	380
Manockjee Petit's.....	2,500	1,000	all	100 p.a*	1,365
Morarjee Spinning	1,043	1,000	all	70 p.a*	1,275
Mazagon S. and W. Co..	2,000	5,000	..	..	290
National S. and W. Co. of India.....	950	1,000	all	..	970
Narlad S. and W. Co....	400	1,000	all	..	875
Nicol Press Manufacturing Co., Ltd.....	600	2,000	all	..	1000
Nursey S. and W. Co....	2,500	400	all	..	385
Oriental	1,000	625	all	50 p.a*	895
Princess of Wales Spinning	600	1,250	all	..	1,200
Sassoon S. & W. Co.....	1,500	1,000	all	..	930
Soonderdas Spinning ..	684	1,000	all	50 p.a.	975
Do do. & Weav.	800	1,000	25	120 p.a.	900
Sholapore S. and W. Co.	500	1,000	all	..	995
Vasa la Mills	550	1,000	all	..	750

*For Shares for the half-year.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE, AND LISTS OF PASSENGERS BY SEA.

THE SHIP OTTERNA, 1,341 tons, Captain F. Reed, will sail to-day for Calcutta in ballast.

THE S.S. POLAM 702 tons, Captain R. Axe, sailed yesterday for Calcutta in ballast.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s s. EUPHRATES, 500 tons, Captain J. Le Shiell, will sail to-day for Persian Gulf via Kurrachee, with a general cargo, and sixty-one deck passengers.

THE BARQUE ADILA S. HILLS, 463 tons, Captain D. Jenkins, arrived in harbour on the 4th instant from Mauritius, (AUGUST 15th), with a cargo of 5,541 bags sugar. The vessel is consigned to the Captain.

THE BARQUE HILARION, 391 tons, Captain M. Reid, arrived in harbour on the 4th instant from Mauritius (August 15th), with a cargo of 6,033 bags sugar. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. Finlay, Muir and Co.

THE P. AND O. Co's s. s. CHINA, 1,036 tons, Captain T. Alderton, which arrived in harbour on the 4th instant, from Australia, &c., brought the following cargo :—From Melbourne,—20 pack-ges tallow, 1 package potatoes, and 1 box preserves. From Adelaide—1 package wine.

Transhipment cargo from Galle.

From Foochow.—230 packages tea. From Shanghai —230 packages tea, 31 packages silk, and, 1 package sundries. From Hongkong.—593 packages tea, 1 case white copper, 55 packages tea and silk, 67 cases silk piece goods, 14 packages paper, 52 cases glass bangles 40 cases umbrellas, 70 cases cassia, 5 cases vermillion, 6 packages china root, 54 packages galingal, 271 packages silk, 34 packages sundries, 361 packages firecrackers, and 12 packages cupboroughery. From Singapore.—8 boxes cigars, 3 packages benzoin, 4 packages garrow wood, 27 cases mace, 135 slabs tin, and 2 packages piece goods.

ARRIVALS.

Sept.	Vessels.	Commanders.	From.
4	Hilarion	Reid, ...	Mauritius, AUG 15.
	Adila S. Hills.....	Jenkins	Mauritius, AUG 15.

DEPARTURES.

Sept.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
5	Queen Cliff	Davies	Moulmein.
	Polam (s)	Axe	Calcutta.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday :—Steamer Euphrates, Shiell, to P. Gulf via Kurrachee. Ship Otterna, Reed, to Calcutta.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

Aug.			
31	Bengala (s)	Cencidni	London, July 12.
	Paladin (s)	Sidney	Madras, Aug 27.
	Kehdive (s)	Stewart	Southampton, July 26.
	Discoverer (s).....	Williamson ..	Liverpool, July 31.
	Azalea (s).....	Stephens	Bombay, Aug 30.
	Prenzitz (s)	Armstrong ...	Negapatam, Aug 24.
	Sunbeam	Clayburn	Swan River, Aug 2.

DEPARTURES.

Aug.			
31	Marcia (s).....	.....	.....
	Statesman (s)	.....	.....
	Flamingo (s)	.....	.....
	Mauritius(s).....	.....	.....
	City of Nangpo	.....	.....

PASSENGERS.

Per Discoverer—Master Williamson.
Per Sunbeam—Mrs Clayburn and 2 children.
Per Rhenitz—Mr Archibald, Mrs Penn, Mrs Browne, Mr and Mrs Taylor, Mr Chalmers, and Dr. C Penn.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Sept.			
2	Marlborough	.....	Bombay.
3	Caroline	.....	Chanabully.
	Asia (s)	.....	Rangoon, N. Ports.

DAILY IMPORTS.—SEPTEMBER 5.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Atalanta s—13 casks tar, Oomercy Premjeee ; 165 bars iron, Abdoollaly Goolamhoosein.
European s—75 cases claret; Bolton and Co ; 82 kegs iron nails, Fazulally Mooseabhoy ; 2 hogsheads claret, Cutler, Palmer and Co.
City of Baltimore s—101 bundles hoop iron, Abdoolhoosein Hepteoola and Co.
Mangerton s—62 boxes tinned plates, Hassemally Lallmeya; 100 bundles sheet iron, Fazulally M. Oo bhoy.
Zante s—62 casks tar, Oomeroy Premjee.

FROM LONDON.

Scottish Chief —80 cases oilmanstn e, Dawoodbhoy Abdoolhoosein ; 5 packages gunswarv, Goon Ayeb.
Palm s—40 kegs iron nails, 80 packages hardware and 64 cases window glass, Fazulally Nuthoo Moojjee.
Venetia s—5 cases copper sheets, 56 cases yellow metal sheets, and 1,281 cases copper, Ritchie, Steuart and Co ; 2 hogsheads cognac and 117 casks ale, Cutler, Palmer and Co ; 3 cases cochenial, Heptoola Tyebjee.
Bokhara s—14 cases brandy, The Bombay Cooperative Society.
Marlborough —14 cases acid, Heerjee Moojjee.

FROM BORDEAUX.

Australia s—75 cases brandy, Jamsetjee Nowrojee.

DAILY EXPORTS.—SEPTEMBER 5.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Venetia s—500 bales cotton, W Nicol and Co ; 75 bales wool, Bright Brothers ; 165 bales wool, E Vuncajee and V Dewchund ; 155 cwt sour yarn, Nanjee Heejee ; 34 bales wool, Volkart Brothers.

FOR LONDON.

Mongolia :—6 cwts Eteeth, Runchorlall Geordhurlall ; 2½ cwts Meeth, Volkart Brothers ; 9 cwts Eteeth, Abdoolrahoman Ahmed ; 4 bales carpets, Peer Mahomed and Co ; 84 bales hides, Hassum Woomer ; 11 bales hides, Fuckeer Mahomed Munjee ; 6 bales hides, Feroz Mahomed Dawa ; 1 case peacock feathers, Abrahmovitz and Co ; 5 bales hides, Bomanjee Vuliybhoy ; 6 bales hides, Mahomed Coorjee.

FOR CALCUTTA.

Earl of Zetland —100 bales cotton, Young and Co.
Chanda s—1 5 bales cotton, Jankeedass Shewdayal ; 100 bales cotton, Young and Co.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

BOMBAY, 4th September 1877.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10, a.m. 2 p.m., 4 p.m and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah	29·747
Temperature of the Air.....	81·7
Wet Bulb Thermometer.....	79·1
Dew Point	78·2
Relative humidity of Air	·926
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded—8).	5·8
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6 p.m) ..	85·8
Minimum do. do. (read at 9-30 a.m.)..	77·6
General Direction of wind.....SSE, SSW, SSE, S, SSW, W, SSE, SSW.	
Movement of wind in 24 hours	255
Fall of Rain	0·36
Total fall during month.....	1·56
" " year	58·46
Additional fall up to 10 A.M. of 5th September ..	0·02

HIGH COURT.—SEPTEMBER 6.

(Before the Honourable SIR CHARLES SARGENT.)

FOR JUDGMENT.

571-75—Mr Smith—For pauper (Soondrabai) vs Veera Ooka and others—Tyabjee and Sayani.

LONG CAUSE.

704-76—Tyabjee and Sayani—Futteh Ally &c., vs Mithibai and others—Jefferson and P and Fletcher and Smith and C. & B.

On Judges Summons.

Act X of 1866—Hearn and C—In the matter of the East India Bank in Liquidation—Rimington, Hore and Langley—Dinanath Raghoonath Khote and another—Tyabjee and S and Ardasir and H.

LONG CAUSE.

353-77—Jefferson and P—N Ardasir Suntook vs P Hormusjee Suntook and others—Ardasir and H.

(Before the Honorable MR. JUSTICE BAYLEY.)

FOR JUDGMENT.

204-75—Macfarlane and G—Cullianjee Nemchund and others vs Bai Vajkore—Craigie, Lynch and Owen.

LONG CAUSES.

128-76—Lynch and Tobin—The I. B and M Bank Ld vs Nundram Bhamlall—Tyabjee and Sayani.

504-76—Tyabjee and Sayani—Thariabhai Topun vs Cooverjee Lilladhur and others—Fletcher and Smith.

505 76—Tyabjee and Sayani—Thariabhai Topun vs Purmanund Mathooradass—Fletcher and Smith.

506-76—Tyabjee and Sayani—Thariabha Topun vs Dwarkadass Bungjee—Fletcher and Smith.

507-76—Tyabjee and Sayani—Thariabhai Topun vs Luckmedass Hurakchund—Fletcher and Smith.

508-76—Tyabjee and Sayani—Thariabhai Topun vs Soonderjee Narrunjee—Fletcher and Smith.

509-76—Tyabjee and Sayani—Thariabhai Topun vs Purshotum Trebjee—Fletcher and Smith.

510-76—Tyabjee and Sayani—Thariabhai Topun vs Abeychund Panachund—Fletcher and Smith.

511-76—Tyabjee and Sayani—Thariabhai Topun vs Jaychund Sobhachund—Fletcher and Smith.

512-76—Tyabjee and Sayani—Thariabhai Topun vs Goculdass Futtechund—Fletcher and Smith.

513-76—Tyabjee and Sayani Thariabhai Topun vs Purshotum Mancekchund—Fletcher and Smith.

514-76—Tyabjee and Sayani—Thariabhai Topun vs Tarrachund Premchunder—Fletcher and Smith.

478-74—Jefferson and Pyne—Goculdass Curtumsey vs The New Goods Steam Boat Co., &c.—Bosanquet.

476-77—Mr Chalk—Sadhowjee Premjee and another vs Gopall Bhikajee and others—Mr Turner.

473-77—Lynch and Tobin—Nursey Kessowjee and others vs Dossa Kirpall—Hearn C and L.

(Before the Honourable MR. JUSTICE GREEN.)

LONG CAUSES.

12-77—Craigie, Lynch and O—The Hon'ble J Marriott, &c. vs Shree Lalmoojee Maharaj and others—Prescot and Winter and Crawford and B.

317-77—Hearn and C—Casabai vs Vithuldass Muncharam and others—Lynch and Tobin and Rimington, H and L.

(Before the Honourable MR. JUSTICE KENNALL'S.

LONG CAUSES.

491-77—Morsshwer L—Heerachund Jaichund vs S W Anderson —Prescot and Winter.

516-77—Mr Bicknell—Reid Raja vs Kashera Khima—Mr Turner.

520-77—In person—Luxmon Moroba vs Ladoo and another—Mr Judge and in person.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—SEPTEMBER 4.

Nangle, Capt, Bombay 2-15th Regt, on leave, from Surat.

SEPTEMBER 5.

Downing, Lieut, Bombay R. A, on leave, from Ahmedabad.
Hill, 1 lieut Col, Madras Staff Corps, on furlough, from Hinsolee.
Johnstone, Major, Madras 33rd Regt, on leave, from Kamptee.

BOMBAY ARMY ORDERS.

Poona, September 5.

The C-in-C is pleased to make the following appointments :—Lieut A W Poulfoot, Offg Adjt 5th Regt N I, to be Adjutant, vice Capt V Birch, promoted. Lieut R C G Mayne, 33rd Foot, to officiate as Wing Officer, 29th Regt N I, on probation. Surg Major G Y Hunter, Offg Medl charge, 1st Regt N I, to have Medl charge, vice Surg W McConaghy.

POSTAL NOTICES.

DEPARTURE OF OCEAN MAILS.

	Date.	Mail closes.	After packet.
United Kingdom	Sept. 7	8-30 P.M.	4-30 P.M.
Kurrachee	" 8	8-0 A.M.	9-0 P.M.
Persian Gulf via Kurrachee.	" 12	1-0 P.M.	2-0 P.M.
China.....	" 17	8-0 P.M.	No after
Australia	" 15	8-0 P.M.	packet.
Mauritius and Reunion	" 21	8-30 P.M.	4-0 P.M.
Zanzibar, &c.	" 21	8-30 P.M.	4-30 P.M.

OVERLAND MAIL.

The Overland Mail Steamers of the P. & O.S.N. Company leave Bombay every *Friday* soon after 5 p.m., and the following are the hours for closing the Mails :—

Letters will be received at the General Post Office up to 3-30 p.m.
Newspapers, Books, and Patterns up to 1-30 p.m.
Registered Letters up to 1 p m.
Registered Letters, if fully prepaid together with an extra fee of 2 annas, will be received at the General Post Office between 1 and 3 p.m.
Late letters, if fully pre-paid by means of stamps in respect both of postage and of the *late letter fee* (2 annas each), will be received at the Wellington Pier Post Office from 3-30 to 4-30 p.m.
The latest hour for posting ordinary Overland covers at the several Branch Post Offices will be 3 p.m. and registered letters at 1 p.m.
Fully pre-paid letters will be received on board the Overland Mail Steamer after 3 p.m. and up to starting time (5 p.m.) by the payment of an additional fee of 4 annas. All others will be refused.

POSTAGE BY THE BRINDISI ROUTE.

The Postage rates chargeable on Correspondence forwarded via Brindisi, to the United Kingdom, or Union countries served through the United Kingdom, are as follows :—

For the United Kingdom.

Each Letter per ½ ounce—annas 6.
Each Newspaper per 4 ounces—annas 2.
Each Pattern Packet or Printed Papers, per two ounces, 2½ anna s.
Covers not marked for any particular route will, as a general rule, be sent by the route which stands first in the Schedule except where there is quicker despatch by some other route or where the first route may require the compulsory prepayment of a higher rate of postage than has been prepaid or where the amount of postage paid may leave no doubt as to the route intended.
The postage chargeable on each oz. on letters sent to the Union countries mentioned below is as follows :—
Germany, Austria, Hungary, Belgium, Denmark, Egypt, Spain, United states of America, France, Greece, Italy, Luxembourg, Norway, Portugal, Roumania, Turkey, Russia, Servia, Sweden Switzerland ..... As. 5

CALENDAR FOR SEPTEMBER 1877.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

New Moon	7th, 7h. 51·7m. p. m.
First Quarter	14th, 9h. 59·7m. p. m.
Full Moon	22nd, 8h. 26·0m. p. m.
Last Quarter	30 h, 11h. 11·0m. a. m.

Date.	Remarks.	Sun rises. A.M.	Sun sets. P.M.	High Water.	Low Water.
Sept.		H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
Th. 6	.....	5 47	6 10	10 29 m 10 57 a	4 0 m 4 40 a
Fri. 7	.....	5 48	6 9	11 5 m 11 24 a	4 44 m 5 19 a
Sat. 8	.....	5 48	6 8	11 42 m	5 29 m 5 56 a
Sun. 9	Fifteenth Sunday after Trinity	5 48	6 7	0 6 m 0 16 a	6 9 m 6 32 a
Mon. 10	.....	5 48	6 6	0 49 m 0 52 a	6 51 m 7 10 a
Tues. 11	.....	5 48	6 5	1 32 m 1 27 a	7 32 m 8 48 a
Wed. 12	.....	5 48	6 4	2 17 m 1 58 a	8 11 m 8 37 a

SPORTING.

THE UMBALLA GREAT ENGLISH ST. LEGER SWEEP, 1877.

THE Manager of the *Bombay Gazette*, Bombay, presents his compliments to the Honorary Secretary, ENGLISH RACE SWEEPS, UMBALLA, and in reply to his letter requesting the publication in the *Bombay Gazette* of an Advertisement of the Umballa Great English St. Leger Sweep, which closes on the 6th September next, begs to inform him that owing to a recent order of Government prohibiting the publication of such Advertisements of Sweeps, he is unable to comply with the request,

Bombay Gazette, Manager's Office,
Bombay, June 18, 1877.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA GREAT ENGLISH ST. LEGER SWEEP.

THE Manager of the *Bombay Gazette* presents his compliments to the HONORARY SECRETARY, BOMBAY GYMKHANA GREAT ENGLISH ST. LEGER SWEEP, and in reply to his letter requesting the publication of an Advertisement of the SWEEP, which closes on the 10th September next, at noon, begs to inform him that owing to a recent order of Government prohibiting the publication of such Advertisements he is unable to comply with the request.

Bombay Gazette, Manager's Office,
Bombay, July 12, 1877.

BOMBAY ENGLISH ST. LEGER SWEEP.

THE Manager of the *Bombay Gazette* presents his compliments to the HONORARY SECRETARY, BOMBAY ENGLISH ST. LEGER SWEEP, and in reply to his letter requesting the publication of an Advertisement of the SWEEP, which closes on the 11th September next, begs to inform him that owing to a recent order of Government prohibiting the publication of such Advertisements he is unable to comply with the request.

Bombay Gazette, Manager's Office,
Bombay, July 12, 1877.

SURGEON DENTIST,
DR. C. F. KHORY,
(LICENTIATE OF DENTAL SURGERY OF THE ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF ENGLAND),
No. 23, RAMPART ROW.
Above Messrs. Badhan and Co., opposite the Floral Fountain.
NITROUS OXIDE GAS ADMINISTERED FOR PAINLESS EXTRACTION OF TEETH.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RS., THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

DEATH.

EZEKIEL—August 31st, at Garden Reach, Poona, Anna, the beloved wife of M. D. Ezekiel, Esq., and second daughter of M. S. Moses, Esq., of Kaye Hall, Byculla. Deeply regretted.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

COOLING—September 1st, at Madras, the wife of the Rev. J Cooling, R. A., Wesleyan Mission, of a son.
HOLLAND—August 28th, at Madras, the wife of Henry Holland, Esq., of a daughter.
FITCHER—August 31st, at Naini Tal, the wife Captain D. G. Pitcher, Oudh Commission, of a son.
RENDELL—August 29th, at Jumalpore, the wife of Alan W. Rendell, of a son.
ROGERS—September 1st, at Chapauk, the wife of Lieut-Colonel H. T. Rogers, R.E., of a son.
WATSON—September 1st, at Calcutta, the wife of Thomas Watson, of a son.

MARRIAGE.

GILL—BADHAM—August 30th, at St. Paul's Cathedral, Calcutta, by the Rev. B. T. Atlay, T. Charles, son of the late Thomas Gill, of Bonchlands, Devon, formerly M. P. for Plymouth, to Blanche Isabel, widow of Edward Badham, late of Staverton, near Cheltenham.

DEATHS.

COSTELOE—August 25th, at Bellary, Ernest William, beloved son of Chas. Costeloe, Esq., Quarter Master 43rd Light Infantry, aged 1 year.
MACKETT—August 11th, at Mussoorie, of typhoid fever, Eva Beatrice, eldest daughter of Captain and Mrs. J. B. Mackett, aged 9 years, 1 month, and 11 days.
MCCULLOCH—August 30th, at Chandernagore, Mr. Alexander McCulloch, Government Pensioner, aged 67 years and 3 months.
STAFFORD—August 20th, at Ahmednuggur of bronchitis, H. Hugh McLean, the beloved son of George and Lydia Louisa Stafford, aged 1 year, 3 months, and 29 days.

All MONEY ORDERS, CHEQUES, and other Remittances sent to this office should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

The Bombay Gazette

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1877.

AFTER reading Lord Lytton's Minute of the 12th of August, we are no longer at a loss to account for Mr. Hope's resignation of the office of Famine Secretary to the Government of India. For the Viceroy, in that Minute, distinctly admits that "the orders of the "Government of India, enjoining the employment of the people on petty works near "their homes, were in some degree responsible" for the waste of public money on useless works at the outset of the Famine operations, and he declares that experience has now convinced him of "the "impolicy of opening petty local relief works "during the early stages of a scarcity." This candid confession involves a severe censure of the conduct of Mr. Hope, who wrote the letters in which Sir Philip Wodehouse's Government was harshly rebuked for asserting the principle which is now accepted as the backbone of a sound famine policy, that relief labour should be employed as fully as possible on large public works likely to be of lasting value to the country. A Secretary thus formally disavowed could not remain in office with advantage either to himself or to the public service. In the prolonged controversy about the best mode of treating a Famine, General Kennedy has been the representative man of one side, and Mr. Hope of the other ; and now the former has won a decisive victory.

Lord Lytton's frank admission that his own Government had been to some extent to blame for the mistakes made in the administration of Famine relief must have predisposed the Duke of Buckingham to accept in a conciliatory spirit the Viceregal overtures for a change of policy ; and his Grace could not fail at the same time to feel flattered by the personal compliments with which Lord Lytton can so skilfully sweeten a bitter cup. We cannot but think, however, that, in his desire to make things pleasant to the Duke, Lord Lytton went a little too far in speaking of the death of only half a million of people by starvation as entitling the local officers in Madras to the acknowledgments of the Government of India for their admirable zeal and devotion. The good people at home will, we fancy, be startled when they read the Viceroy's argument that good work has been done in Madras because, "according to the "standard of mortality during the Orissa famine "from three to five millions of people (instead "of only half a million) must have died of "famine in Southern India during the year 1877. "if the guaranteed railways had not existed "and if Government had incurred no outlay "on relief operations." It is not much to boast of—such at least will be the opinion of the English people—that some advance in humanity and knowledge of how to deal with famines has been made by the Government of India since Orissa was left to perish in 1866 ; and, remembering Lord Lytton's famous declaration of January last, "We say that no man "shall die of starvation," they will ask how it happens that that pledge has been signally falsified by the loss of half a million of lives in Southern India. We are surprised that the Viceroy should have contentedly ascribed all these deaths to starvation ; for, assuredly, if the rate of mortality from starvation in Madras has really been so heavy as this estimate suggests, it was Lord Lytton's duty to interfere long ago, and not to let any feeling of false delicacy, lest by going to Madras he should embarrass the local Government, keep him from superseding the incompetent officials who could not keep the people alive.

We need hardly say that the Minute is a very well written State paper, that it gives an admirably clear narrative of the operations already carried on in connection with the famine, and a good sketch of the present situation, and describes with much fulness and animation the measures essential to the complete overthrow of the terrible foe against whom the Government of India is waging a deadly war. Our own views on most of the points discussed in the Minute are so entirely in accord with those of the Viceroy that it would be tiresome to repeat them ; and we therefore confine our attention to the ungrateful task of criticizing such of the sentiments expressed by Lord Lytton as seem to us to be at variance with the actual working of the policy adopted by the Government. In this connexion we might quote the whole of the 18th paragraph of the Minute, in which a most lucid exposition is offered of the reasons which have led the Viceroy to the wise conclusion that "under no "circumstances which are likely to occur ought "the Government itself to engage in the business of importing grain ;" and we might inquire how the Viceroy succeeds in maintaining the consistency of this theory with the practice of the Government in compelling the G. I. P. Railway to devote all its resources to the one purpose of conveying grain into the Madras Presidency. It is absurd to contend that a Government which monopolizes the only highway of trade in Western India makes "absolute "non-interference with the operations of "private commercial enterprize the foundation of its famine policy." There are various kinds of interference, and that is by no means the least effectual which deprives private enterprize of those means of transport without which trade cannot exist. But, it will be said, would you let the people of Madras die for want of food rather than that private trade should be interfered with ? We reply that trade, if left to itself, will always carry produce for sale to the market in which the highest prices are offered, and that the flow of grain into Madras will be constant and rapid without Government direction so long as the need for grain is greater in Madras than elsewhere. When once prices in the Madras markets fall below those ruling elsewhere, the intervention of the State to keep Madras fully supplied with grain does serious injustice to other parts of India. It cannot be right to create an artificial famine at Poona, Sholapore, and Hyderabad, in order to relieve the pressure of a real famine in Madras. We would go further, and say that the Government has no right to kill the export trade of Bombay because there happens to be a famine in Southern India. The Government may rejoice at present in the large returns the railway gets from the immense grain traffic generated by the Famine ; but will the condition of the railway be so satisfactory a year hence, when the Famine is over and Bombay finds her

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS FOR THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

AFGHANISTAN AFFAIRS.

LAHORE, SEPT. 5.

Russian influence is active with the Amir, and he shows signs of yielding. He carries on correspondence with the chiefs of Adam Kheyls and the Kohistanees of the Khyber. He has strengthened Ali Musjid and Jellalabad, and maintains an active correspondence with the Khan of Khelat. Expectations of war in the cold season are rife throughout Afghanistan and along the Frontier. The Amir is exerting himself to excite a ferment.

THE NEW INDIAN MARINE.

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 5.

Captain Robinson, of the Bombay Indian Marine, has been appointed Superintendent of Marine, Calcutta. Admiral Bytheses is expected here on the 15th to carry out the arrangements consequent on the new organization of the Indian Marine.

The Marine authorities are sending a light ship to be placed on the Krishna Shoal.

REINFORCEMENTS FOR THE MADRAS FAMINE DISTRICTS.

Five Civilians and three Uncovenanted officers, seven Assistant Superintendents of Police, and eleven Assistant Opium Agents, are gazetted today for famine work in the Madras Presidency. Colonel Searle, Assistant Secretary in the Public Works Department, also goes.

COMMITTAL OF A DISTINGUISHED NATIVE FOR FORGERY.

Janoky Nauth Roy, a native banker and honorary magistrate, has been committed to the Criminal Sessions on a charge of uttering forged documents and for perjury.

CRICKET—NORTH vs. SOUTH.

POONA, SEPT. 5.

First innings of the South amounted to forty-five; second, eighty-three, making a total of one hundred and twenty-eight against two hundred and thirteen of the North in one innings. The return match commenced to-day, the South going in first, scoring eighty-two for seven wickets. Weather favourable. Game continues to-morrow.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(By Red Sea Cable.)

MISCELLANEOUS WAR NEWS.

LONDON, SEPT. 5.

The Turkish forces have evacuated Soukhum Kaleh on the Black Sea.

A Russian official despatch has been received, stating that the Russians captured Lovatz yesterday.

The Turkish Parliament is convoked for the 13th November.

THE FIGHTING TO THE EAST OF PLEVNA.

The *Daily News* publishes an account of the battle on the 31st to the East of Plevna, in which it states that the Russians were victorious and that the Turkish loss was 2,000 men.

THE LATE M. THIERS.

PARIS, SEPT. 5.

M. Thiers will receive a public funeral. M. Jules Grevy will probably succeed him as leader of the Republican party.

THE WAR IN BULGARIA.

LONDON, SEPT. 5.

A Turkish official despatch states, that the Russians yesterday made an attack on Radikoi, but were repulsed with the loss of 1,000 men.

THE WAR IN ASIATIC TURKEY.

According to unofficial Turkish accounts, the Turks claim a victory on the plain of Erivan. They have reconnoitred the country up to the river Araxes. The Russians are threatening Soukhum Kaleh.

A Russian official despatch states, that the insurrectionary movement in the Caucasus has been suppressed.

THE FIGHT IN THE SCHIPKA PASS.

Newspaper special correspondents state, that Suleiman Pasha has virtually abandoned the attack on the Russians in the Schipka Pass.

STEAMER MOVEMENT.

ADEN, SEPT. 5.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s Steamer Patna, outward bound for Persian Gulf and Kurrachee, left here to-day.

THE MAILS.

LONDON, SEPT. 4.

The Bombay Mails of the 17th ult. arrived at Brindisi to-day.

LONDON, SEPT. 4, AFT.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed firm. Surats firm.

The London Cotton Market has been quiet.

Fair Dhollera	5 1-16d.
In the Manchester Market has been steady.	
7 lbs. Shirtings	5 10½
32½ lbs. do.	6 10½
40s Mule Twist	0-10
8 per cent. Consols for account	95¼
5 per cent. French Rents, 1872	105¾
Bar Silver	54½

Arrivals.—Diamme, Khorsonese, Stornoway, Locchoo, Zophyrus, and Assiria.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORTS.

Latest Messages received up to 8 p.m. yesterday:—

	Greenwich Time.	Average Time in Transit. H. M.
FROM UNITED KINGDOM—		
Via Teheran (perfect).. 5th—	5 0 a.m.	1 38
„ Suez (do.).. 5th—	1 30 p.m.	1 4
FROM CONTINENT OF EUROPE—		
Via Teheran (perfect)		
„ Turkey (do.)		
„ Suez (do.).. 5th—10	35 p.m.	3 19
FROM AMERICA—		
Via Teheran (none.)		
Via Suez (perfect.)		
FROM CHINA—		
Via Ancon (none).		
Via Singapore (perfect.) .. 5th—	8 12 p.m.	1 30
FROM AUSTRALIA—		
Via Singapore (perfect).. 4th—16	11 p.m.	5 15

INDIAN BRANCH.

	Max. Hrs.	Mts.	Min. Hrs.	Mts.
From Calcutta....	2	30	0	1
„ Galle	one	in	23	50
„ Kurrachee ..	3	59	0	17
„ Madras	5	25	0	

WEATHER REPORTS.—SEPT. 5.

(Madras Time.)

CLIMATE, 5 P.M.—Weather overcast, wind W. S. W. 6 to 7, ther. 78, bar. 29.08. Fall of rain 21 cents.

MANGALORE, 5.30 P.M.—Weather fine, wind N. S., N. W. Fall of rain 1 inch and 58 cents.

TUTICORIN, 5 P.M.—Weather fine, wind W., ther. 96, bar. 29.29.

VIZAGAPATAM, 5 P.M.—Weather cloudy, wind W. light, ther. 84. Fall of rain 37 cents.

RAIN AND CROP REPORTS.

SEPT. 3.—For Madras—slight rain has fallen in North Arcot, Bellary, and Madras. For Bombay, —heavy continuous rain is reported throughout Guserat, the Konkan, Tanna, Colaba, Ratnagiri, Sholapore, and parts of Ahmednagar, Poona, Satara, Kaladgi, Belgaum, and Dharwar; the rain has been light in other parts of the same districts; good showers have fallen in Nasik and Khandeish. For North West—a good fall of rain is reported from Kumson and Jhansi; light and partial in Agra; none elsewhere. For the Central Provinces—rain has fallen generally and prospects are very favourable, except in Upper Godavery. For Mysore—there was a good fall on the 2nd inst., and the weather was generally showery. For Rajpootana—heavy rain has fallen at Mount Aboo and also in the south-west; good showers have fallen at Bhurtpore, and prospects are greatly improved, but more rain is wanted, especially in Alwar and Marwar. For Central India—slight rain and prospects are improving; the weather is still cloudy. For Punjab—Very slight rain has fallen in Delhi, Rawul Pindee, Jhelum, Gujrat; in Jullunder there has been a moderate fall; none elsewhere; unirrigated crops are lost in Amritsar, Lahore, Rawul Pindee, Jhelum, Gujrat and Shapur; the crops in Peshawur, Dera Ismail Khan, Kohat, and Umballa are bad; of the *Kharif* crop probably one-fourth will be realised in Ludhiana, one-half in Multan and Muzaffargarh, one-third in Jhang and Montgomery; there are considerable stocks in most districts. Exports of grain is subsiding in some districts, recommencing in others. The prices of wheat range from six seers to twenty-five seers per rupee, gram sixteen to twenty-four.

FALL OF RAIN IN BOMBAY.

	Colaba. In. cts.	Fort. In. cts.	Byculla In. cts
Wednesday, Sept. 5, up to 6 a.m. ...	0 0	0 1	0 25
Previously registered.....	58 10	48 9	56 12
Total up to date.....	58 10	48 10	56 37
Fall up to 5th Sept. 1876 ...	45 68	46 38	53 0

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF RAINFALL AT 1 P.M.

	Up to 1 Sept. 1877. In. cts.	Up to 2 Sept. 1876. In. cts.
Municipal Office gauge	37 66	58 08
Do. Bungalow gauge.....	42 06	54 21
Valley gauge	45 18	70 77

RATES OF EXCHANGE ON LONDON.

Bank Bills on demand	Is. 8 15-16d.	per Rupee.
Do. at 6 months' sight.	Is. 9¼.	„
Credits „ 3 „	... Is. 9 3-16d.	„
Documents „ 3 „	...Is. 9 3-16d. to 1d.	„

WAR TELEGRAMS.

New arrivals by the Mail and other Steamers will find the War Telegrams of each week, with the leading articles on the War from the daily *Bombay Gazette*, conveniently arranged in the Indian Supplement to our Overland Summary, published every Friday.

Yearly Subscription to Overland Summary with Supplement (Indian Postage free)....Rs. 12

Single Copy ..... As 4

In yesterday's *Bombay Gazette* the first day's score in the cricket match of North *vs.* South was erroneously given as the score of a match between Bombay and Poona.

The many Indian friends of Mr. H. P. Le Mesurier will be sorry to hear that that gentleman has been seized with serious illness in Egypt, and has been ordered by his doctors to proceed at once to England.

The Bank of Bombay raised its rates of interest and discount one per cent. all round yesterday.

Captain Bythesea, V. C., Consulting Nava Officer to Government, becomes an Admiral by the death of Admiral Codrington.

The following officers of the Punjab Commission will proceed to Madras for famine duty forthwith:—Lieutenant Colonel Riddell, Captain Bartholomew, and Messrs. Silcock and R. G. Thomson, Assistant Commissioners.

One hundred civil and military officers are to be furnished for Madras in all, fifty of the latter class by the Commander-in-Chief, if possible, and the remainder by the Local Governments. Every assistant engineer and police or forest officer that can be spared will be sent in the same direction.

We are sorry to say that yesterday our printers committed a very serious blunder in printing Lord Lytton's minute. On the last page two whole columns were transposed. Fortunately such a big blunder is too transparent to cause the careful reader much perplexity.

It is thought probable that Colonel Burne will remain in this country as Private Secretary to Lord Lytton longer than was at first intended. The India Office is said to have agreed to allow him to resume his appointment as head of the political department there whenever he may return.

On Sunday morning last Dr. Weir, the Health Officer, inspected the immigrants collected at Sion in the outhouses of a bungalow there, and found the arrangements already taken for their care to be very good. He will visit Tanna on Saturday next, so as to be able to see the refuge camps that have been started on the road between that place and Bombay.

A correspondent at Constantinople mentions the curious fact that a number of Indian Mahomedans are very badly off there. It appears that when the war broke out zealous defenders of the faith set off from the Punjab and the North-West Provinces after selling their goods and chattels, and made their way to Stamboul, where they offered their services as volunteers to the Sultan. Government, however, did not treat them with much enthusiasm. Perhaps it had too much to do to allow itself to make a fuss about the Indian volunteers; but at all events these military adventurers were very coolly treated and grew very disgusted in consequence. About 2,000 of them asked the Sultan to form an Indian corps of them, but they were mortified when they were asked by Government, to save trouble, to join a battalion consisting of Bashi-Bazouks and Zeibecks! Some of them, says our correspondent, were thinking of returning to India.

A party of Zakka Khels are reported to have made a raid on Mutimni in the lower Mohmund country, whence they carried off some cattle on the 31st ult., but it was an affair of no importance whatever.

A correspondent writes to us to say, that "a perfect cure for scorpion stings is a little table salt diluted in a spoonful of brandy, and then well rubbed into the punctured part. I tried this remedy the other day, and the result was as stated. There will, of course, be a slight numbness in the region of the part affected, for a short time."

The Rangoon correspondent of the *Madras Times*, writing on the 25th ult., says:—"A sad accident occurred here a few days back. The medical officer of the s.s. Strathleven, Mr. Pymn was going off to his ship which lay a little distance out in the river, when the sampa conveying him suddenly capsized, as it neared the "ladder" at the ship's side. The officer of the vessel saw the accident, but is quite unable to say what occasioned it. A boat was promptly lowered from the ship, but the unfortunate officer had disappeared for over beneath the treacherous surface of the water. Fatal accidents are of frequent occurrence with these wretched sampans—a kind of boat eminently unfitted to encounter the strong currents which sweep down the Rangoon river, more especially at the present time when the Irrawaddy floods have risen to an extraordinary height. Mr. Pym's body has since been found, seven miles down the river."

Colonel J. G. Medley, R. E., Consulting Engineer to Government of India for Guaranteed Railways, states that the Traffic Manager, Madras, estimates the cost of working the new punkhas in railway carriages at rupees 20 per 100 miles per month for two trains up and down, or for one carriage travelling 100 miles daily at rupees 5 per month. The cost of the apparatus is rupees 50 per carriage or rupees 25 per compartment. The working of the punkah is quite satisfactory, and opinion is unanimous that it is a great comfort to the traveller. The punkahs are altogether more satisfactory and more healthy than the coolies already supplied, and are just half the expense. Colonel Medley adds "that Mr. Sandiford, the Locomotive Superintendent, deserves great credit for the simplicity and ingenuity of the present arrangement, which, in his opinion, is altogether superior to Mr. Cooke's punkah." The Governor General in Council, we hear, has called upon the local Governments and administrations to report without further delay what is being done during the present hot season to mitigate the discomforts from heat, of railway passengers of all classe, whilst in trains.

The Madras correspondent of the *Pioneer* writes: "I re-open this to mention a rather curious problem that has cropped up in the famine. There are thousands upon thousands of children whom the visitation has made orphans. Most of these will probably come under State care till they grow up, but some will be brought up by societies and organized charities. At first it was taken for granted that these little unfortunates should be taught the Christian religion, but at a meeting the other day a gentleman boldly stood up and said this was not right, that it was interfering with the religion of the child as derived from its defunct parents. The question is—have you a right to force Christianity upon a child, who has no parents to object? I say advisedly 'force,' for to feed and clothe a child, and at the same time teach it a religion is practically to force that religion on it. Can a three-year-old infant remonstrate? The question may possibly be answered by asking this other question—suppose the parents were alive, would they consent to have their children brought up in Christianity on condition that board and raiment accompanied theological instruction? Probably some parents would consent, certainly some would not. As there is no recognized method of arriving at the opinion of a defunct father on the subject, it will perhaps be safer to assume that he would prefer his child to be brought up in his own religion. But if this position be accepted, another difficulty arises: Will the State recognize Siva and Vishnu in a State institution?"

THE LATE BURGLARIES.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—It is quite evident that there is an organised band of thieves going about, and they have been most energetic for the past six weeks. One noteable fact is, that jewellery seems to be their predilection—they seem to be very deliberate, and a peculiarity about them is that they generally indulge in a feed wherever they go. Mr. Gostling's house at Byculla was visited a few weeks ago, and the only available thing in the food line happened to be plantains, some of which were indulged in on the premises, leaving the skins nicely arranged with a fork placed alongside, to show perhaps that the thief was a gentleman who liked to eat plantains in the orthodox fashion. He also made off with brooches, earrings, bracelets, pendants, studs, and a coat. A few days before or after this, Mr. Lindsley's bungalow in Nesbit Lane was invaded and a gold watch carried off. Mr. Wilkinson, too, in Albion Buildings, was visited, where a feed was indulged in—this time meat and brandy disappeared. Mahim has not escaped. It does not look well that, in face of all their watchfulness, the Police have not been able to find any clue to these robberies, although detectives have been placed in different parts of the island.

D.

THE SPIRITUAL WANTS OF BANDORA.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Remembering the great Calcutta Sunday badminton argument, also some reference to the same thing in Bombay from the Cathedral pulpit, and while taking an anti-badminton view myself, I must say there is great excuse for it out here. Although there are a large number of residents, all of whom, I venture to think, would be Church-goers, we are obliged to rest content with a very indifferent service once a fortnight, and that in the morning, when many who would gladly attend cannot manage it in the heat of the sun. May I respectfully ask if the Lord Bishop cannot spare us poor benighted Bandorites one of the many luminaries of the Church each Sunday evening to give us a well read service and a short and telling sermon? Putting aside everything else, would it not tend to add to the credit of the Anglican Catholic Church in a place like Bandora where Roman Catholicism is so powerful? I am sure the offertory would well meet any extra expenditure, and that the officiating clergyman would find a friendly rivalry amongst his congregation as to whom should fall the privilege of regaling him on the orthodox Sunday dinner of cold beef and

Bandora, Sept. 5. PICKLES.

THE EFFICACY OF PRAYER, FOR CAUSING RAIN TO FALL.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The proposal of your correspondent "B." to ascertain to whose prayers the seasonable fall of rain that we have just been blessed with is due, whether to the solicitations of Hindus, Mussulmans, Parsees, or Christians, is as absurd as it is impracticable and likely to be mischievous. The "coincidence," as he calls it, of rain having fallen after being prayed for by all religious sects is probably due to the fact that the prayers were offered in the monsoon season. Whether the rainfall could be affected, by a single plot, if every man, woman, and child of every religion were to offer up prayers for rain simultaneously, is a question which can never be decided, because there is not the slightest clue for our guidance. I believe that it would not, as do many others, and that we are neither worse nor better for so believing, even if our belief should prove to be wrong. Let your correspondent reflect on the words of Maximus of Tyre on the subject, which are in substance that the Eternal has his designs from all eternity: "If prayer is in accordance with His immoveable will it is useless to ask Him to do that which He has resolved to do. If we pray Him to do the contrary to that which He has resolved to do, it is asking Him to be feeble and inconstant, and to believe Him to be so. Either the favour prayed for is just or unjust; if the former, He will bestow it without being entreated, and entreaty exhibits distrust of His justice; and if the latter, the prayer is an insult. You are either worthy or unworthy of the grace which you implore; if worthy, He knows it better than you; if unworthy, it is a crime to ask for a favour which you do not merit." The author, from whose works I take the above, says, "All men, in their hopes and fears, invoke the aid of a Divinity. Philosophers, more respectful towards the Supreme Being, and less condescending towards human weakness, have resignation as their only prayer, which seems to them the most suitable feeling for the creature to entertain towards the Creator."

SENEX.

THE TURKISH ENVOY REPULSED.

The *Englishman* has had a rare surprise in store for us, by announcing that the Ameer has refused to receive the Turkish Envoy. The manner of the announcement, however, is as perplexing as the news is startling, for the *Englishman*, while treating the statement as authentic, gives no prominence whatever to it, such as might have been expected in a matter possessing so much political interest; nor does it give any clue to the source of its information. If, too, that paper has not been misinformed, how is it that the news of the Envoy's discomfiture was not here this flashed throughout India, as we may reasonably suppose it would have been had the circumstance related occurred? We shall not, however, have to wait long for confirmation or denial of so unexpected an announcement—which we here append:—

Though we attach no importance to the particular rumour said to have been current in London shortly after the last mail left, to the effect that the India Office was in possession of evidence of Russian intrigues in Central India and Kabul, it is impossible not to feel that the refusal of the Ameer of Afghanistan even to receive the Turkish Envoy bears a somewhat sinister aspect. The refusal may, of course, have been dictated by nothing more than a strong conviction of the duty of neutrality, combined with an over-delicate sense of the obligations of a neutral State; but, taken in connection with the moroseness of the Amir's existing feelings towards the British Government, it is more probably an indication that, for whatever reasons, Russian sympathies are in the ascendant across the border. The attitude of England in the present struggle is certainly not calculated to encourage Sher Ali to adopt a policy which might give umbrage to his great Northern neighbour. Obviously, he has no sufficient motive to lend assistance to a Power which, by itself, could do absolutely nothing to protect him against Russian aggression; and, under the circumstances, it is not well be puzzled to know what practical good could come of an interview with its Envoy. At the same time, there is a want of politeness about the refusal to receive the Envoy which looks very much like a desire to curry favour with Russia. As matters stand, it is a little difficult to see what the Porte could have expected to take by despatching an Envoy to the court of this remote barbarian. Help in the shape of money she could hardly have anticipated, for the Afghans are as poor as church mice. Of empty sympathies she has already more than enough. As to stirring up a crusade against Russia in Asia, her impotence to support such an undertaking without the alliance of England is too obvious.

Mazagon, Sept. 4. W. P. PARTRIDGE.

THE VICEROY'S MINUTE.

(Madras Mail.)

We publish an able minute on the famine in Southern India, which Lord Lytton wrote a day or two before his departure from Simla for this Presidency. It is not a matter of length; but, taken as a whole, it is a masterly statement of facts and prospects, and a straightforward delineation of principle and duty. The absence in it of the flights of a gifted imagination which have characterised His Excellency's speeches in India, will be noticed with approval, as also the judicious manner in which the whole subject is discussed without a trace of sentimentalism. It reviews the past of the calamity with calmness, and the future with hope; it refrains from imputing blame, and is confined to a criticism of measures, not men. It is in short a plain, unvarni-hed, business-like review of a situation of the gravest peril, and it breathes throughout that collected, self-reliant, unboasting spirit which has made England the great nation she is. The Minute is a monograph of the greatest importance to this Empire, and it is matter for congratulation, that it is worthy of so momentous an occasion. Upon no predecessor has Lord Lytton's has the devolved the duty of protecting almost an eighth of the population of this vast country from the most cruel of deaths.

Apart from the important question about the legality of the action of the Governor and Viceroy in shunting the Madras Council and Board of Revenue, we readily admit that the new plan of operations has much to recommend it. The famine in the Western Presidency has furnished General Kennedy, the Secretary to the Bombay Government, D. F. W., with an opportunity for the exhibition of administrative talents of an exceptionally high order. The manner in which he has done his work in Bombay, has frequently been commented on in laudatory terms in these columns; and on several occasions we have expressed a regret that Madras has no General Kennedy. We believe in the great ability of Colonel Mullins; but as that officer resigned the Secretaryship of the local Public Works Department, after holding it but a few weeks, it is surmised that he found the position untenable with justice to himself. General Kennedy, accredited by and the representative of the Government of India, is now appointed Personal Assistant to the Governor and is to have "full opportunity of stating his views to the Governor at the proper time." Whether his Grace will be at liberty to act upon his own convictions, without the approval of the General, is not stated; but there is reason to assume that that officer will be allowed to take, and keep, higher ground towards his Grace than has ever been permitted to a local Secretary to Government D. P. W. It will always be in the power of General Kennedy, should his views fail to receive the attention that he thinks they merit, to resign his rather delicate functions, and revert to his appointment in Bombay; and it will also, we presume, be in the power of the Duke to terminate at his pleasure the double-barrelled arrangement, and revert to the agency of the Governor in Council.

THE LOCUST TREE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—"H. D." asks in yesterday's *Gazette* for information concerning the locust tree; allow me to inform him that it has been introduced with great success in several parts of India. In Oudh it is well establis hed. On the Government farm in Madras splendid pods have this year been collected from twelve years old trees. I planted a few trees in Surat about four years ago, from seed imported by Mr. Birdwood; these also are doing well. A plantation is at present being laid out on this farm—it will contain, when finished, about ten thousand trees. Both foreign and acclimatized seed are used; the former imported direct from Italy, the latter obtained from Oudh. This was by far the better of the two lots, and germinated freely.

The value of such a tree for India can scarcely be over-estimated, yielding as it does abundant food for people in times of scarcity, and at all times a highly nutritious and bone-producing ration for young horses and other stock. The renowned "Thorley's food" is largely composed of a preparation of the carob bean.—Yours, &c.

STOREMAN.

Khandesh Experimental Farm, Bhadgaon, Sept. 3.

INDIAN NEWS-LETTERS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

OOMRAWUTTEE, SEPT. 3.

According to the "oldest inhabitant," the monsoon in Berar is said to be over, but it does not look like it. We have soaking showers almost nightly. The future is becoming more promising and cheering.

A grand cricket match takes place at Akola on the 7th instant between the East and West Berar Clubs.

AHMEDABAD, SEPT. 3.

I had scarcely posted my letter of Saturday last, when the long and anxiously looked for rain, preceded by a good deal of lightning, came down, at first sparsely, as if hesitating whether to pass us by or not, then a little closer and heavier, and finally about midnight it literally poured down in torrents; and as it has continued to rain more or less heavily from that time till now (4 p. m.), our anticipations of famine, or even of scarcity, in this district, are quite at an end. Indeed, as there is every indication of a continuance of the rain, it seems to be the general belief here that after all we may not unlikely have a 12 anna crop, alike of grain, cotton, and grass, and I am pleased to think the same remarks hold good regarding the whole of the intervening country between this and Surat on the one side, and Veramgaum and this on the other. About Broach, and Baroda particularly, cotton looks extremely well, and as there has been quite as much rain there as here, the prospects for next season's *Good Fair Broach* may now be said to be excellent. At Borsad and the surrounding country, (talukas which a few days ago were nearly, if not wholly, dry, are now full to overflowing, and there is every reason to hope that there as elsewhere in Guzerat even serious scarcity will be unknown. Whereas but a few days ago all Guzerat had bowed down with care and anxiety at the too imminent approach of dread famine with all its accompanying miseries, now every eye sparkles and every countenance beams with the almost assured prospect of peace and plenty.

I wish I could say the same of Kattywar; but, alas! so far as my information goes, there is but little improvement to note in the previously reported condition of things in that fair province. Over a great portion of the country no sowing has yet taken place and in many places where they had sown the young stunted crops have been dug up and given to the starving half dead bullocks. So that in perhaps four-fifths of Kattywar things are as bad and unpromising as could well be. I believe some rain has fallen about Limree, Bhownuggur, Jaitpore, and a few other places, but I fear wholly insufficient to prove of any great permanent benefit. Relief works are already in progress at Bhownuggur, Morvee, and elsewhere, and steps are being taken in the same direction at Gondal, Joonaghur, Nowanuggur, &c. At Bhownuggur, I hear as many as 9,000 people were engaged on relief works when a pleasant fall of rain the other day reduced the number by one-half, and anxious hopes were entertained that they might yet have sufficient rain to ward off any widespread or serious distress, so far at least as Bhownuggur and its immediate neighbourhood were concerned. But it may be superfluous to add, such partial and local rain, heartily welcome though it be, will not have any appreciable effect on the general weal of such a large and well-peopled province as Kattywar. It is therefore devoutly to be hoped, that every corner of Kattywar may have been favoured as we have been during the last two days, and that in consequence black despair may have been succeeded by universal joy.

At any rate, the able Politicals, Mr. Peile, is equal for the emergency, and will compass all that may be designed to meet it.

NOTES FROM AURUNGABAD.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

AURANGABAD, SEPT 1.

Having taken a trip to this station, I jot down and send you a few items. This station, according to your valuable "Railway Guide," is 58 miles from the G. I. P. Railway station at Nandgaum, from whence a tourist must prepare himself for a jolly good shaking on the road. I am inclined to advise excursionists to have their precious lives insured before they attempt venturing on such an expedition. It is a discredit to the Nizam's engineers to have this highway in such a bad condition.

This is essentially a military cantonment, garrisoned by the Hyderabad Contingent, a regiment of cavalry, a battery of artillery and an infantry regiment. There exists also a Superintendent of Bazaars and Police, under the orders of the Officer Commanding the Station. Like most out-stations, the cantonment is scattered and very rambling. The famous city is about a mile from the cantonment, and is under the immediate control of the Nizam's officers, who have yet to learn the principles of sanitation.

Latterly, natives of the Nizam's service have been permitted to live in the cantonment, occupying houses reserved for officers and subordinates. Why is this permitted? A wealthy and obliging sowcar has been allowed to construct a palatial residence within the limits of the European military camp; it would be interesting to know on what grounds this sowcar got the permission to do so. If a European wanted a similar privilege he would be pooh-poohed. Let me say that this native is very benevolent and courteous, and if many are the compassionate supplies he gives us, he is extending his charity widely to the poor and needy in the present dearth. The distress is becoming very widespread, grain selling at such high rates. The early crops are not in a bad condition—famine, indeed, is staring us in the face, unless we have more rain, the future is terribly gloomy. The Resident has been asked to remove the 3rd Cavalry, as grass is selling at Rs. 90 per 1,000 poolahs, and water is scarce.

BOMBAY.

To-day is the 94th anniversary of the Dady Sett Fire temple, and Mr. Heerjee Ardasir Dady has invited the members of the Parsee community to attend the *Jasan* to be held in its honour.

Marine Court of Inquiry.—The Marine Court of Inquiry which was to have been held yesterday into the circumstances connected with the wreck of the steamship Cheops, was postponed to this day at noon, owing to the Acting Government Solicitor, Mr. Cleveland, not being prepared to conduct the proceedings on behalf of Government, as his instructions had only the previous afternoon been communicated to him by Government. Mr. Inverarity appeared to watch the proceedings on behalf of the owners and captain of the steamer, and Mr. Payne (of Messrs. Jefferson and Payne) on behalf of the underwriters and owners of the cargo shipped by that vessel.

A correspondent of a Deccan paper, writing from Ahmednagar, speaks of the kindness of the American Missionaries to the poor famine-stricken people of that station. He is in high hopes that the distress will soon pass away.

Famine immigrants.—Mr. Vincent, the Deputy Commissioner of Police, called to his office at Mazagon yesterday morning, the Superintendents of the several divisions, also the Jamadars and havildars of the several sections doing duty under the European officers, and issued rules as to deporting from Bombay the immigrants from the famine districts. The Police were instructed not to use force, nor to separate families without their consent; that the destitute and debilitated were the only persons to be removed, and those unable to proceed on foot were to be conveyed in carts.

Illegal storage of combustible property.—Yesterday, at the Fort Police Court, Jamsetjee Nowrojee Kapadia, a merchant, was charged, at the instance of Mr. Brunton, the Assistant Health Officer of the Municipality, with storing at his place of business at Sheik Abdool Reymon Street, a larger quantity of an explosive and combustible article, viz., kerosene oil, than is expressed in his license. The defendant was fined for this offence on the 30th August the sum of Rs. 100, when an order was passed by the Magistrate that a sum of Rs. 50 be levied daily until the removal of the oil. Defendant having failed to pay the fine, or remove the oil, a seizure order was obtained and executed yesterday morning by the Health Inspector of that division. On the undertaking of Mr. Little (of Messrs Hearn, Cleveland, and Little,) on behalf of the defendant, that his client remove the entire combustible property before 3 o'clock in the afternoon, the Magistrate made an order that the goods seized by the Health Officer should be restored to the defendant on the express condition that the oil be removed during the course of the day, and all expenses connected with the seizure to be defrayed by defendant, also the accumulated fine of Rs. 300, since the Court's last order, to be paid by him.

The lottery exposé.—Upon this case coming on before Col. Benson, in the Cantonment Magistrate's Court, Bangalore, Mr. J. W. Hayes, Junior, on behalf of the defence, raised the question whether the holding of a lottery being an offence punishable under the Code, the prisoner could be charged with cheating in connection with the lottery he conducted at the Bangalore Rink. Mr. Sydney Smith remarked that the defence should have raised the question at the preliminary stage of the case. His Worship adjourned the case to the 5th instant, for the consideration of the question raised.

THE SPECIE ROBBERY.

The search instituted by the Police on board the s. s. Ghine on her arrival in Bombay harbour has been completed, but without any satisfactory result. It appears that the China had been previously searched by the Police at Point-de-Galle, at the instance of one of the Banks at that port. A box, alleged to contain £5,000 in sovereigns, was received from that vessel at the said Bank, but on weighing the box, it was found to be only 15 or 16 lbs., while the true weight, had it contained £5,000 in sovereigns, would have been 80 lbs. On its being opened it was found to contain saw dust and rubbish, and it was at the same time noticed that some delay had occurred in forwarding the box to the Bank on the arrival of the s. s. China. In the course of the search made on board, a gang of twenty Pathan passengers from Melbourne were found to be in possession of drafts on the Oriental Bank for a collective sum of Rs. 18,000, which drafts, they said, they had procured at Point-de-Galle in exchange for sovereigns and these drafts were yesterday cashed at the said Bank by the Pathans. The possession of this money appears to have been lawfully obtained, consequently the men were not further watched. As to the missing treasure, all is a mystery at present, but a suspicion is entertained that the boxes were shipped at Melbourne in the condition they were discovered at the Galle Bank.

PRICES OF GRAIN IN THE BOMBAY MARKET.

List of retail and wholesale prices of various kinds of grain prevailing in Bombay yesterday:—

Names.	No. of Pailies to Re.	Seer to Candy in Rs.
WHEAT—		
Khundwa	2½	51
Pisi	3½	40
Bunsi	2½	60
GRAM—		
Jumbusuri	3	42
Ghati	3½	38
Surati	3½	36
Kurrachee	3½	35
BAJREE—		
Mulkapuri	2½	50
Kurrachee	3	44
JOWAREE—		
Barsi	3½	38
Surati	3½	40
RICE—		
Jeernsal	2	68
Bengal	2½	66
Inferior quality	..	..
Patni	2½	50
OOPID—		
Nagpore	3½	38
Gugsari	3	40
Cawnpore	3	36
MUG—		
Cutchee	2½	60
Kurrachee	2½	52
DALL—		
Surti Toor dal.	2	
Dry ditto.	2½	47
Gram dal	2½	52

16 pailies make 1 phura, and 8 phuras make 1 candy.

THE CUSTOMS OF KHOJAS.

HEERBAI *vs.* RAHIMATBAI.

At the High Court on the 1st inst. before Sir Michael Westropp and Mr. Justice Green the appeal in this suit came on for hearing.

Mr. Pigot and Mr. Inverarity, instructed by Messrs. Janardhun and Ghandibhoy, appeared for the appellant Rahimatbai; and the Advocate General, and Mr. Lang, instructed by Messrs Macfarlane and Gilbert, appeared for the respondent, Heerbai. The case excited a great deal of interest amongst the Khoja Mahomedans in Bombay, and was one of great importance to that caste. The facts of the case are these. The plaintiff, Heerbai, is the widow of Rahimbhoy Allooboy deceased, who died in 1870 intestate, and without issue, but leaving his widow, the plaintiff, his mother, and his sister, the defendant, his next of kin. On the death of Rahimbhoy, letters of administration to his estate were applied for by Gorebai and Heerbai respectively, and after a full investigation of their rival claims, it was ordered that they should be granted to the former. Gorebai died in 1875 without having taken out letters of administration, but having made her will bearing date 3rd April 1875, by which she bequeathed all the moveable and immoveable property, whatsoever of, or to which she should be seized, possessed or entitled, at the time of her death, to her daughter, the defendant. Rahimatbai absolutely directed her daughter to carry out certain provisions for the maintenance of the plaintiff. The defendant, Rahimatbai, took possession of all the moveable and immoveable property of the plaintiff's deceased husband, Rahimbhoy Allooboy, and claimed to be absolutely entitled to the property, whether as heiress of Rahimbhoy, or under the will of her mother Gorebai, subject to the plaintiff's maintenance. The plaintiff, Heerbai, thereupon filed her suit in the High Court against Rahimatbai, and Sir Charles Sargent, after hearing a great deal of contradictory evidence as to the customs of Khojas, held that *prima facie* the law of Hindoos must be held to apply to Khojas, and that Heerbai was entitled to possession of all the moveable and immoveable property of her deceased husband. Against this decision the defendant appealed and set out eleven reasons for so doing.

Mr. Pigot, in support of the appeal, amongst other things, mentioned that Rahimatbai would have nothing out of the estate for her maintenance.

The Chief Justice remarked that it was the first time such a claim had been raised either in the Court below or the memorandum of appeal. Without calling on the respondent for a reply their Lordships upheld the judgment of Sir Charles Sargent and dismissed the appeal with costs.

INSOLVENT DEBTORS' COURT.

At a regular sitting of the Court yesterday, the following matters were heard before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Kemball:—

RE PESTONJEE HORMUSJEE SUNTOOK.

Mr. Starling, instructed by Messrs. Ardasir and Hormusjee, for an opposing creditor, applied for a postponement for two months on the ground that the case was not likely to come on for hearing for some time, and that there was a large number of sentries to be translated, which would not be ready for three weeks.

Mr. Lang, instructed by Mr. M. Moonshee for the insolvent, said the application was made only for the purpose of delay, the object being to carry the case over the vacation. The books of the opposing creditor were only lately deposited with the Official Assignee.

The Commissioner was of opinion that, as the opposition was not complete, it was advisable to grant further time. It was not shown that the books were put in late for the purposes of delay; and his Lordship did not think it was desirable to hurry on such cases. The application was granted.

RE SOONDERDAS JAIRAM.

Mr. B. M. Wagle, instructed by Messrs. Ardasir and Hormusjee, on behalf of Messrs. P. M. Mehta and Cowasjee Jehangir Jussawalla, the liquidators of the Oomrawuttee Company, opposed an application by the insolvent for an interim order. The insolvent took twenty-five shares in the Company in 1875, each share being of the value of Rs. 1,000, and he thereby incurred a liability of Rs. 25,000. His lordship would see from the schedule that insolvent had at that time not a pie as capital, and he took the shares on speculation. It was owing to the default of men like the insolvent, who were unable to pay the calls made upon them, that the company had to go into liquidation

THE DUTCH OPERATIONS IN ACHEEN.

The Steamer Devonhurst arrived at Penang on the 18 h August, and communicated the following intelligence. On the 10th last. two battalions of Dutch troops effected a landing at Samalangan, one of the few places in Acheen that still remain hostile to the Dutch. The troops on landing met with no resistance, but after having advanced a short distance inland an engagement took place of but little importance, with a trifling loss on both sides. On the same day the Rajah sent envoys to the Dutch assuring them that it was not his intention to offer any further opposition. Notwithstanding these peaceful promises, during the ensuing night a numerous body of natives, [some say 500] attacked the bivac of the Dutch, and a serious hand-to-hand encounter ensued. The Dutch maintained their position, but we are informed with a loss of above 20 killed and upwards of 50 wounded, of which nearly one half were Japanese coolies. The Achinese left 58 killed in the bivac alone. The Devonhurst returns this evening, and has still one battalion reserve troops on board, and our informant seems pretty confident that the speedy subjection of Samalangan will be the result of the expedition.—*Penang Gazette*, Aug. 11.

CHINESE NOTIONS ON CRIM. CON.

Whatever may be the provalent opinion of strangers concerning the morality of the Chinese, and however loose their morality may be practically, it is theoretically as fine drawn as that of any people under the sun. A case is reported from Hongkong which exhibits a peculiar phase of it. Four Chinese were brought up before the Chief Justice at the Criminal Sessions on a charge of falsely imprisoning one of their countrymen, named Ching Awoo. It appears that the latter called late one evening on a woman whose husband was absent from home, to demand payment of a small sum of money owing to him. The four prisoners came in whilst he was there, and accused him of having improper intimacy with the woman. Seizing him then by the *queue*, they suspended him by it, in such a manner that his feet barely touched the ground, and so detained him for twelve hours, sometimes loosening him for a short time, and then re-hoisting him. Their moral perceptions do not appear to have been very fine, for all they demanded was money as a reparation for the offence they charged him with; and they released him on his finally giving them "a promissory note." "They also," says the *Daily Press*, "tied up the woman, and demanded from her a considerable amount of money—for a person in her position. She told them she had none, but eventually gave them some clothes, which they pawned, in order to pay the fine they had imposed on her. The woman's husband was in California." The defence was that they thought that in the absence of the woman's husband, they had a perfect right to act as they had done, and this was urged by Mr. Francis, their counsel, in mitigation of punishment. "Dr. Eitel was subpœnaed and gave some interesting evidence in connection with the custom of the Chinese in the Sun-on district with reference to adultery. He said that the common practice is not to take such cases to the yamen, but for the community of such village and the representative of the family interested, to settle the case according to the merits it has in their own view. As a general rule death follows upon adultery, and the consequence is blood revenge and chronic warfare between different villages. He had seen such warfare going on, and it was sometimes caused by even slight misconduct towards a married women. In cases of killing or lesser punishment the magistrate would maintain the right of the husband to kill his wife and the paramour in *flagrante delicto*. The husband is allowed to kill his wife, but as a rule he goes to the elders of the village and secures their support. The Chinese have little faith in women, and the law in China, as in some more civilized countries, bears hardly upon the weaker vessel." Dr. Eitel said that according to Chinese custom it is improper for a man to be alone in a house with a woman in the day-time, but for him to be so after dark is an outrage upon the moral sense of the community." The Chief Justice said: "there is another custom in China which should not be lost sight of in such a case as that under notice. It is the custom which prevails for a man to leave his wife for years to afilt as best she can, while the wanderer takes to himself another spouse, and if the deserted one sinks to the level of his immorality she is quickly menaced with punishment by her merciless and faithless husband Thus what is regarded as venial in a man is looked upon as foully criminal in a woman in China." A severe sentence was therefore very properly passed on the prisoners, to teach them, that under any circumstance, under British rule, they were not to take the law into their own hand.—*Celestial Empire.*

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A very powerful fleshitten grey Arab horse, 7 years, 15 hands, very fast in harness, suitable for either brougham or dogcart, Rs. 700.
A chesnut Arab colt, 4 years, 14-2½, well broken to harness and rides well, Rs. 550.
A handsome pair of dappled grey Pegu ponies, 6 years, 13 hands, perfectly broken to harness, go fast, and steady, and well suited for a lady's driving, Rs. 900.
A chesnut Australian colt, 5 years, 14-3, exceedingly good tempered, perfectly broken to saddle and harness, Rs 400.
A strong and powerful grey Cabool horse, 7 years, 14 hands, goes well in harness, and suitable for brougham or ahigram, Rs. 300.
A chesnut Australian brougham horse, 15 1, a good working horse, Rs. 150.
A grey Arab horse, 7 years, 14-1 high, broken to single harness, and rides well, Rs 350.
A very fine and high set English built mail phaeton, in excellent order, Rs. 500.
A One-spring buggy, nearly new, Rs. 400.
ROBERT SCOTT & Co.
Gingeum Veterinary Stables, Bombay, 25th July 1877.

INSURANCE.

SUN FIRE OFFICE, LONDON,
ESTABLISHED 1710.
INSURANCES effected upon Merchandise, Warehouses, Shops, Dwelling-houses and their contents, in Bombay and the Mofussil, at the current rates.
CLAIMS arranged by the local Agents, and paid with promptitude and liberality.
PEEL, CASSELS & Co., Agents.

BOMBAY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
(Limited).—The above Company is prepared to EFFECT INSURANCES on the most favourable terms current in Bombay, and in addition return Insurers 5 per cent. of the Premiums on Yearly Policies, and 2½ per cent. of the Premiums on Policies for shorter periods.
FORBES & Co.,
Secretaries and Managers.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.
CAPITAL—£2,000,0 STERLING.
FUNDS NOW AMOUNT TO 2,957,174, WHICH IS INVESTED IN THE BEST SECURITIES AND ESTIMATED TO PRODUCE 3,148,258.
A Reversionary Bonus of 7½ per cent. for the Quinquennia period ending 31st Oct. 1874 has just been declared.
FIRE BRANCH.
Fire Premiums for 1852.....£ 76,925
Do. 1862.....£300,690
Do. 1872.....£816,383
POLICIES covering risks on Merchandize and Buildings in BOMBAY and MOFUSSIL continue to be granted by the above Company through their Agents. Detached Bungalows and Household Furniture, both in Bombay and in the Mofussil, insured on very favourable terms; Coals on the bunders also covered.
LIFE BRANCH.
Total Accumulated Funds....£1,858,011.
The Undersigned, under instructions from the Head Office, are prepared to receive Proposals for Life Assurance with the above Company from Residents in India, and will be happy to afford every information regarding Rates of Premium, Participation in Profits, &c., to intending applicants for Insurance.

ANNUAL PREMIUM FOR CIVILIANS TO ASSURE Rs. 1,000.

Age next Birthday.	For the whole term of Life. With Profits.	For the whole term of Life. Without Profits.	For a limited number of Years. One year.	For a limited number of Years. Seven years.
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
20	38 2	30 2	21 1	22 0
25	41 6	32 13	23 2	24 10
30	44 10	35 15	26 1	27 5
35	48 6	39 8	28 10	29 10

The reduction of premiums to European rates begins from the date at which the assured leaves either Alexandria or Port Said for Europe.
CAMPBELL, MITCHELL & Co.,
Agents, Royal Insurance Company.
Bombay, Dec. 1876

THE POSITIVE GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
CAPITAL, £5,00,000.
The Fund of £159,966—held on 31st Dec. 1876, by Trustees in special trust to protect Policies is made up as follows:—

The Life Fund, Government Securities	£108,886
The Guarantee Fund, Ditto.	51,080
	£159,966

THE LIFE FUND SECURITIES for INDIA are held by the Official Trustees of India, the Company having no control over the Fund. The receipts of the Trustees for the Securities are regularly filed in the Company's Office for inspection, besides being published at the end of each year, or assurers can refer to the Trustees themselves.
The absence of all "Secrecy" in respect of the disposal of Assurers Premium, as Evinced by above method, is a conspicuous item in the system.
AGENTS IN BOMBAY:
Messrs. ALDRIDGE SALMON and Co., Rampart Row.
Calcutta Office: 6, Old Court House Street.

INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE.

	Exclusive Reserve Fund.
THE LONDON AND LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL...Rs.	10,000,000
THE TRANSATLANTIC FIRE INSURANCE Co. (and re-insurances), CAPITAL ..... "	9,000,000
THE BATAVIA FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL..... "	8,000,000
THE SAMARANG FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL..... "	2,000,000
BERLIN-COLOGNE FIRE INSURANCE Joint Stock Company in Berlin..... "	4,271,000

MARINE INSURANCE.

THE SWISS LLOYD MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL.....Rs.	2,000,000
THE BRITISH WEST AUSTRALIAN LLOYD MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL "	3,000,000
THE SAMARANG MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL..... "	2,000,000
THE BATAVIA MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL..... "	3,000,000
THE NEUCHATELOISE MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL..... "	1,000,000

For FIRE and MARINE INSURANCE in the above Companies apply to the UNDERSIGNED, who can offer ALL FACILITIES and MOST FAVOURABLE TERMS. ALL CLAIMS PROMPTLY SETTLED IN BOMBAY. Rates and other particulars can be obtained on application.
VOLKART BROTHERS, Agents.

For Sale at this Office,
A BOOK-BINDERS' SAW-BENCH. This Machine is for sawing the backs of Books and it is arranged for foot or steam power. Price Rs. 175, including seven Circular Saws and various-sized Washers for changing every quarter of an inch.

ADVERTISING AT RAILWAY STATIONS.
THE Proprietor of the "Bombay Gazette" Press having leased (among other privileges) from the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company, and the Bombay Baroda and Central India Railway Company, the exclusive right of advertising at all the Railway Stations belonging to these two Companies, is prepared to contract with parties desirous of posting Notices or Advertisements on the lines.
All announcements may be in English or in any of the Native Languages.
The advantages which Railway Stations present as a means of bringing intimations of all kinds before the public have been demonstrated in England by the extensive use which is made by Advertisers, of every station, great and small, along every line in the United Kingdom.
Insurance Companies, Shipping Companies, Hotel-keepers, Merchants, Traders, and others who wish to favor their business on the notice of the Public, all alike value the privilege of Railway Station Advertising.
There is no reason why the privilege should not be also specially valuable to Advertisers in India. Looking to the great and increasing number of Native Railway Passengers on the two trunk lines of Western India, native merchants, traders, &c., seeing that they have the privilege of advertising in their own language, would find the publication of their announcement at Railway Stations a decided means of extending their business.
And as nearly All Travellers arriving in India now land at Bombay, and proceed by the G. I. P. or B. B. and C. I. Railways to their destinations, placard exhibited at the different Stations on those lines are every day becoming more and more valuable as means of bringing the Advertisers' business to the notice of the Public.
Advertisers can select the Stations, on either line, at which they wish their Placards posted, and may advertise for any period that may be agreed on. The charges have been fixed on an extremely moderate scale to encourage Advertisers to make a liberal use of the new means now offered of making announcements known to the Public.
Placards, according to the taste of Advertiser may be printed at the "Bombay Gazette" Press.

INSURANCES.

THE MANCHESTER FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY,
ESTABLISHED 1824.
CAPITAL—ONE MILLION STERLING.
The Undersigned have been appointed AGENTS of the Manchester Fire Assurance Company, and are prepared to issue Policies upon Houses, Mills, and other Buildings, Household Furniture, Merchandise, Shipping, &c.
GADDUM & Co., Agents in Bombay.

MARINE, FIRE, AND LIFE INSURANCE.
MARINE.
THE MARINE INSURANCE Co. ESTABLISHED 1836.
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